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F&U som støtte for innovation og konkurrencedygtighed

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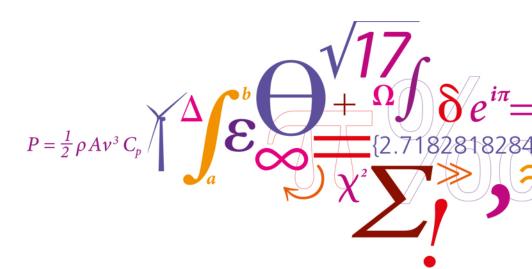
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F&U som støtte for innovation og konkurrencedygtighed

Peter Hauge Madsen & Thomas Buhl Institut for Vindenergi, DTU

Offshoreenergy.dk's årsmøde 23. og 24. oktober 2014 i Odense



DTU Vindenergi

Institut for Vindenergi



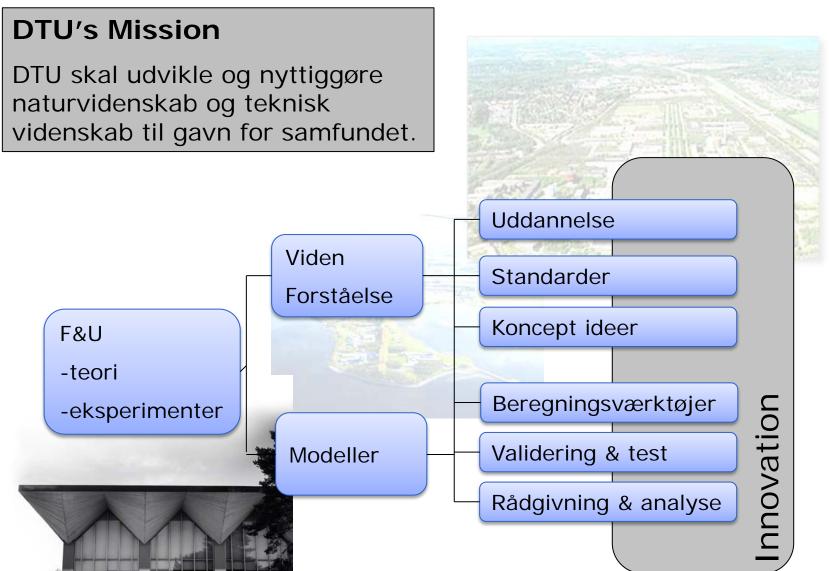
DTU's Mission

DTU skal udvikle og nyttiggøre naturvidenskab og teknisk videnskab til gavn for samfundet.

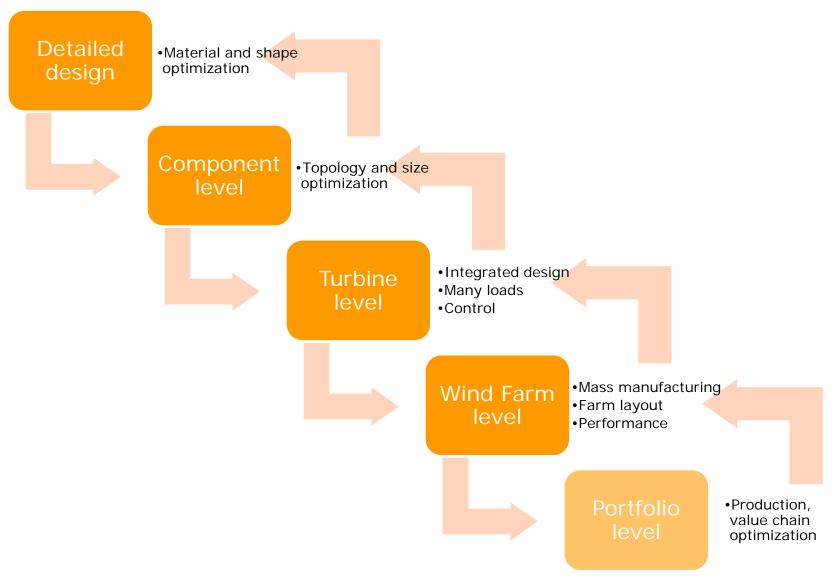


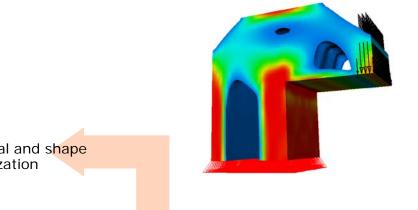








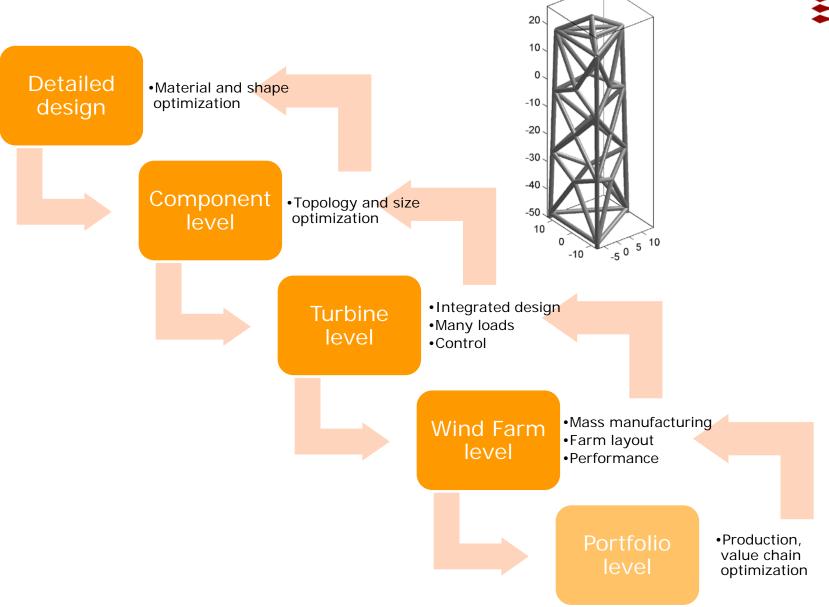




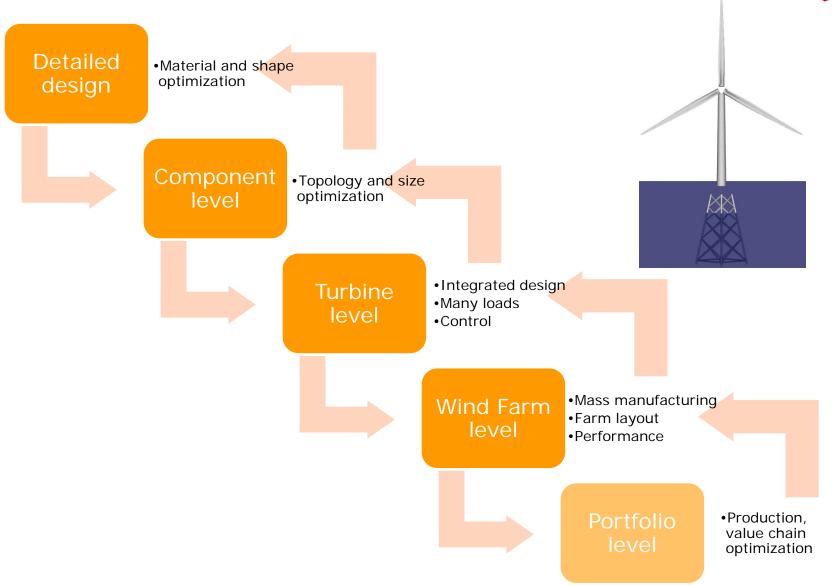


Detailed Material and shape optimization design Component Topology and size optimization level Integrated design Turbine Many loads level Control Mass manufacturing Wind Farm Farm layout level Performance Production, value chain optimization

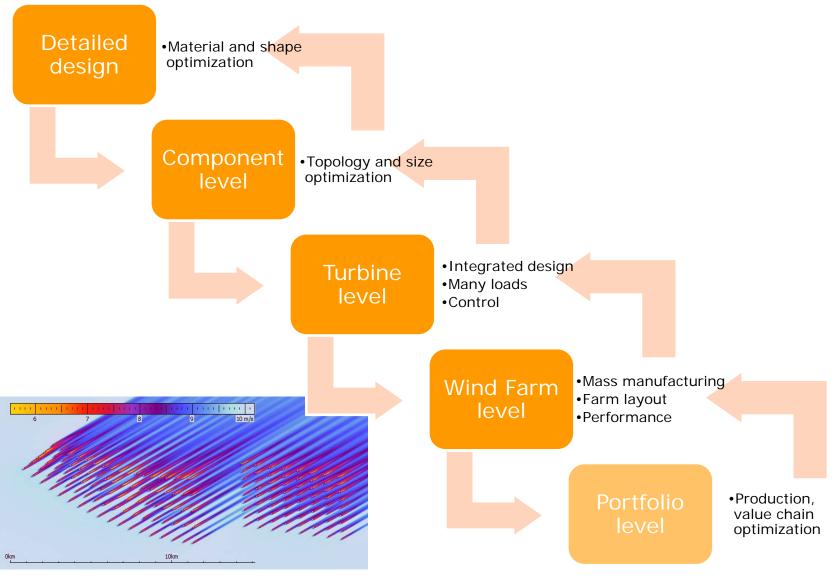




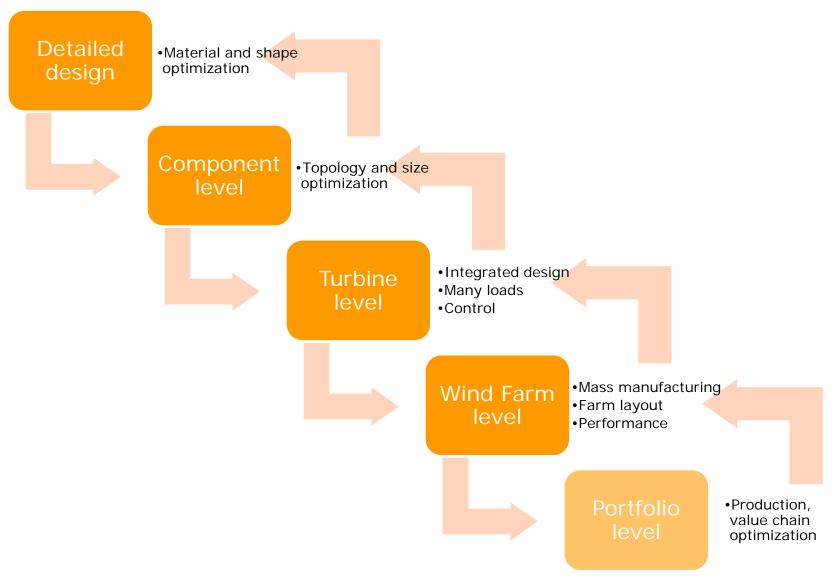








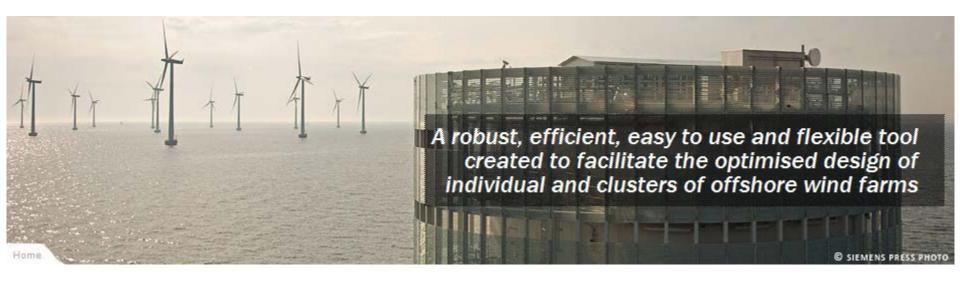








FP7 project — Design Tool for Offshore Wind Farm Clusters

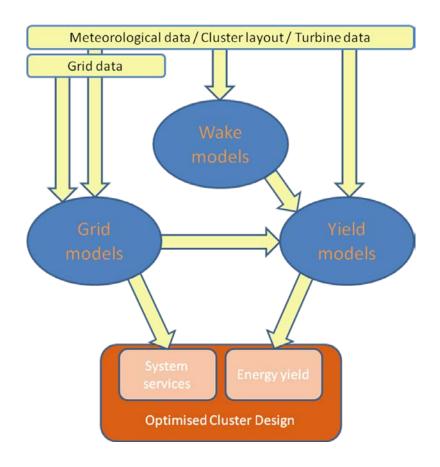


Progress is to achieve a robust design tool for planning of offshore wind farms. The progress include benchmark analysis of several wake models using production data, investigation on some uncertainties on annual energy production and study of inter- and intra-array grid possibilities for the offshore.



EERA DTOC concept





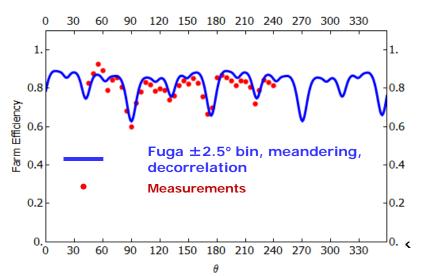
Main Components

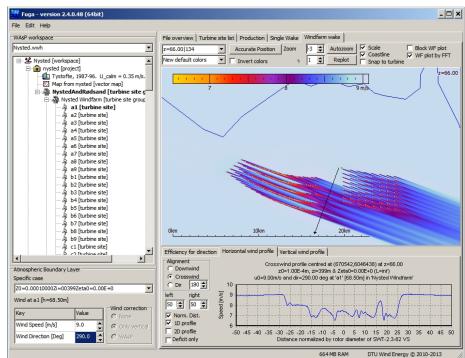
- Use and bring together existing models from the partners
- Develop open interfaces between them
- Implement a shell to integrate
- Fine-tune the wake models using dedicated measurements
- Validate final tool

Fuga – wake model for large offshore windfarms



- Solves linearized RANS equations
- Latest version incorporates: atmospheric stability, meandering, effects of nonstationarity and spatial de-correlation of the flow field.
- No computational grid, no numerical diffusion, no spurious pressure gradients
- Integration with WAsP: import of wind climate and turbine data.
- Fast, mixed-spectral solver:
 - 10⁶ times faster than conventional RANS!
 - 10⁸ to 10¹⁰ times faster than LES!





Hornsrev validation

* Søren Ott, Jacob Berg and Morten Nielsen: 'Linearised CFD Models for Wakes', Risoe-R-1772(EN), 2011





	Partner	Status	Programs	Input/	Script/	Database interface	IPR	Com
Name				output	GUI			
CFDWake	CENER		Fluent, C++, OpenFOAM	ASCII	script	Yes		
CorWind	Risoe DTU	Ope	DOS exe Delphi	CSV files	no	no	+	+
CRES-farm	CRES	Оре	Linux/ Fortran77	ASCII	no	no	+	
CRESflowNS	CRES	Оре	Linux/ Fortran77	ASCII	no	no		
DWM	Risoe DTU	Ope	Fortran, pc, pc- cluster	ASCII	script		+	
ECNS	ECN	Beta	Linux/ Fortran90	ASCII	No	No	+	
EeFarm	ECN	Alpha	Matlab	Matlab scripts	Script/ GUI	yes	+	+
Farm-farm interaction	ECN	Ope	Fortran	ASCII	No	no	+	
FarmFlow	ECN	Ope	Delphi	ASCII/ binary	GUI	Yes	+	+
FlowARSM	CRES	Alpha	Linux/ Fortran77	ASCII	no	no		
FUGA	Risoe DTU	Оре	Fortran, C, Delphi, pc	ASCII	Script/ GUI	No	+	
NET-OP	SINTEF	Proto type	Matlab	ASCII	script	No	+	
Skiron/WAM	CENER	Оре	Unix/ Fortran	GRIB	script	yes		
TOPFARM	Risoe DTU	Beta	Matlab/C/ Fortran	ASCII	script		+	
UAEP	Risoe DTU		Matlab, pc	ASCII/ binary	no	yes		
VENTOS	UPorto	Beta	Unix/ Fortran	ASCII	no	yes	+	+
WAsP	Risoe DTU	Оре	Windows pc	ASCII	Script/ GUI	No	+	+
WCMS	Fraunhofer	Оре	Matlab/JAVA	OracleDB		yes	+	
WRF	Risoe DTU	Ope	Unix, Linux, Fortran90	netCDF	Shell script	yes		
WRF/ROMS	CIEMAT	Оре	Linux/ Fortran	netCDF	script	yes	+	

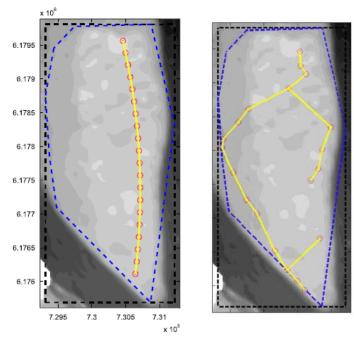
TOPFARM



TOPFARM is a fundamentally new approach to layout optimization of wind farms. From the investor's perspective the TOPFARM platform answers the fundamental question:

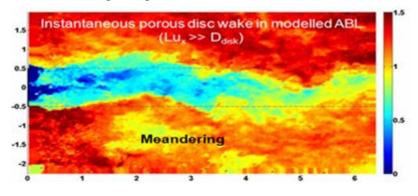
"What kind of layout results in the optimal economical performance of the wind farm throughout its lifetime".

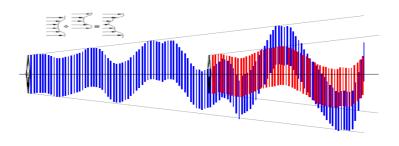
The balance between power, loads and costs



Middelgrunden layout as of now and as results of the TOPFARM optimization.

Measurement of deficit in atm. boundary layer wind tunnel

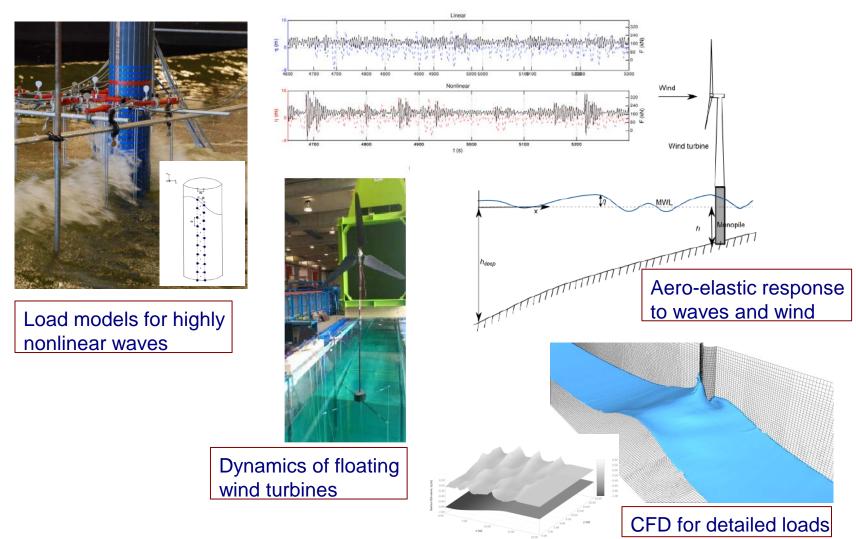




Wake meandering assumption in DWM



Wind-wave loads and response for offshore wind turbines

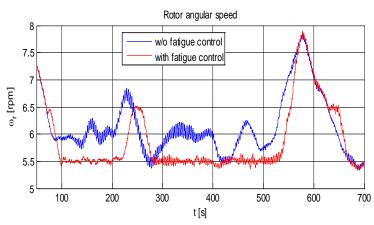


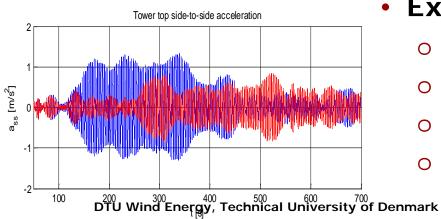
Offshore wind turbine control system

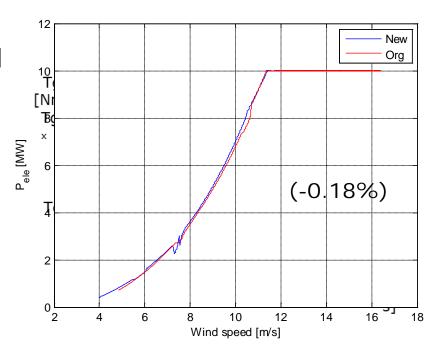


Power production

- Generator torque control
- Collective pitch control







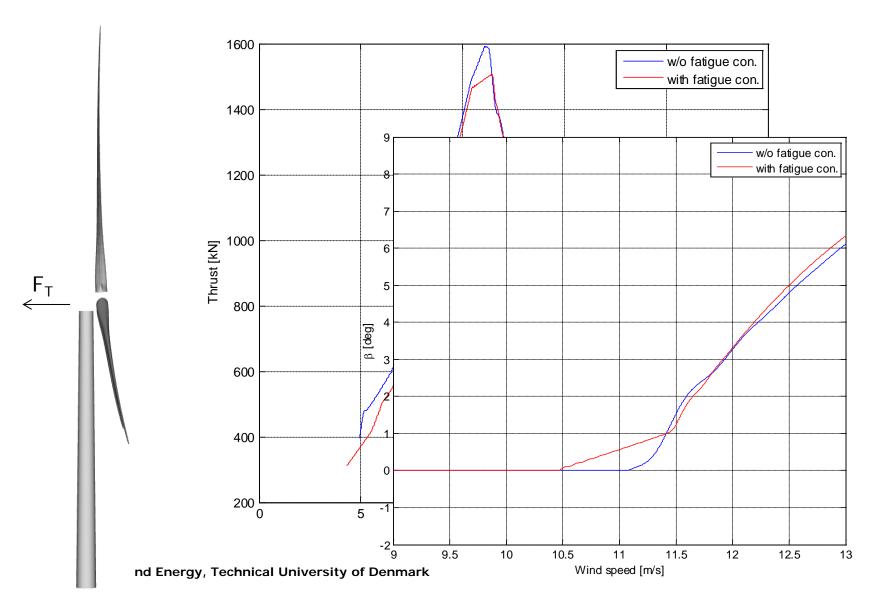
Extreme and fatigue load reduction

- Drive train damper (T_G)
- Exclusion zone (T_G)
- Tower for-aft mode damper (CPC)
- Thrust peak shaver (CPC)

Collective pitch control



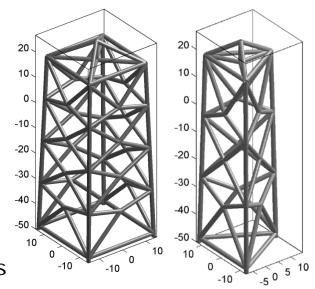
Thrust peak shaving

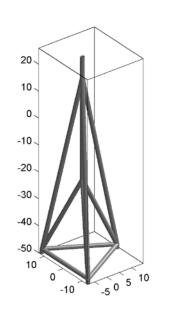


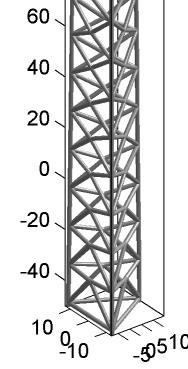
JacketOpt

Topologies

- Classical four legged jackets
- Classical three legged jackets
- Pod-like structures (three or four legs)
- Full-lattice towers (three or four legs)
- Monopiles
- User defined structures







140

120

100

80



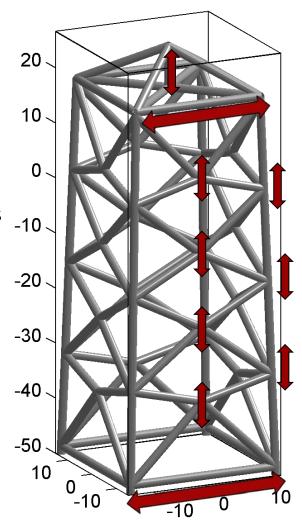
JacketOpt

Design variables (outer)

- Overall dimensions within bounds
- Placement of X-braces within bounds

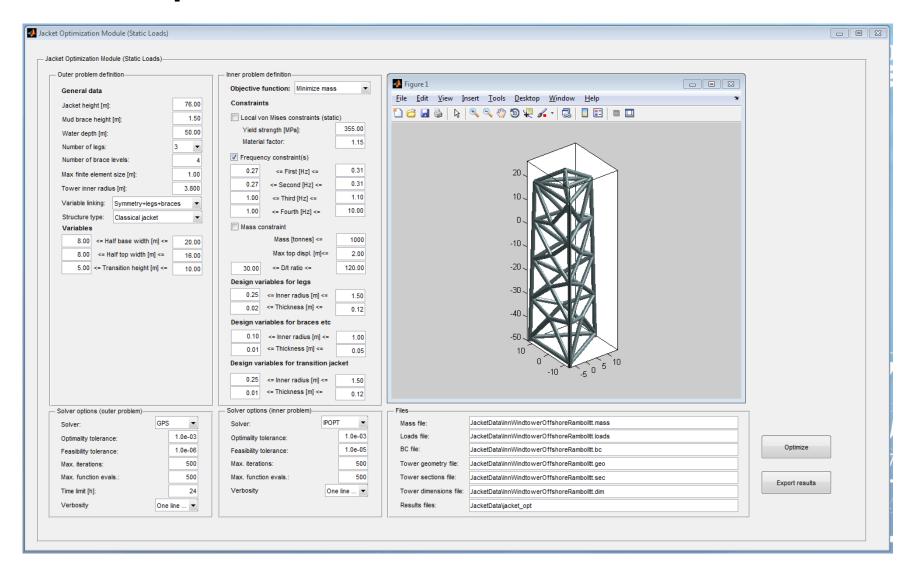
Design variables (inner)

- Member diameters within bounds
- Member thickness within bounds





JacketOpt GUI





A preliminary example for INNWIND.EU

DTU 10 MW reference turbine

- Hub height 119 m
- Rotor mass 229 tons
- Nacelle mass 446 tons
- Tower mass 505 tons

Four legs and four levels of X-braces

Minimum mass design

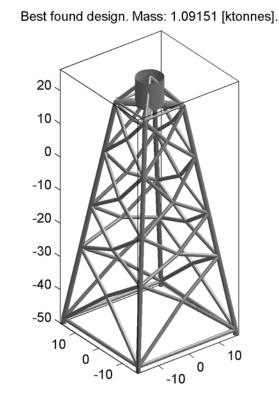
Max tower top displacement 2.25 m

First and second frequency between 1P and 3P

Third and fourth frequency above 6P

Static loads only!

No fatigue constraints!





A preliminary example for INNWIND.EU

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- Tower mass 505 tons

Four legs and three levels of X-braces

Minimum mass design

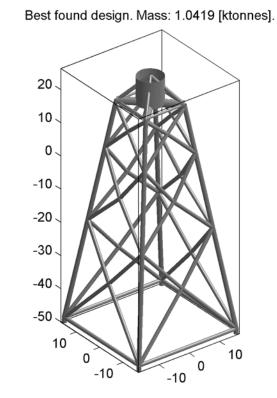
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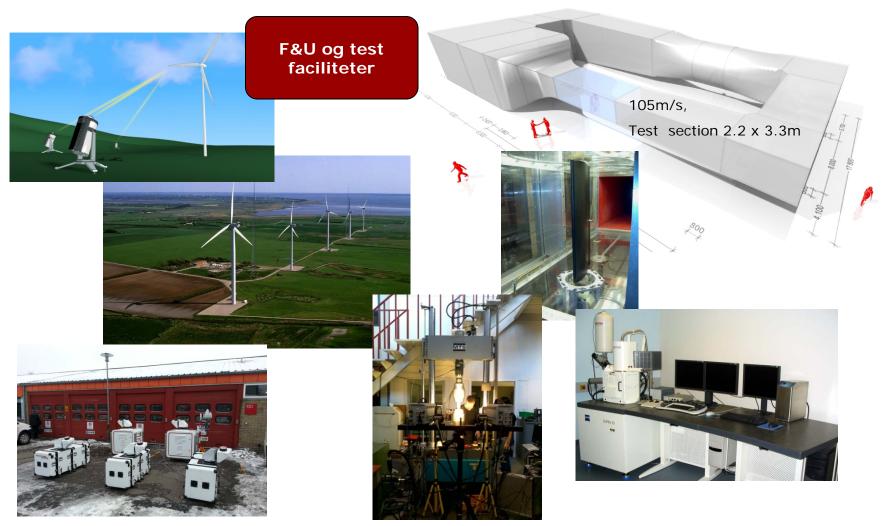
Static loads only!

No fatigue constraints!





Validering og Test



DTU Wind Energy, Technical University of Denmark

Østerild Test Centre - Prototype Wind Turbines

7 Wind Turbines - Max. 16 MW each - Max. height 250 m

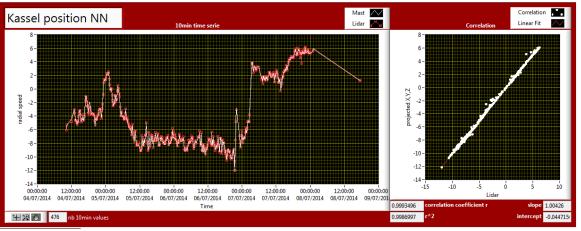


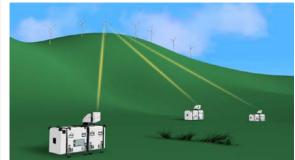


Long range windscanner – Kassel campaign



- Measured for 6 weeks with 6 windscanners, full synchronisation over a 3G network
- Alignment accuracy of about 0.05° (1m over 1km)
- Excellent measurement results in scanning mode – within 1% accuracy at > 3km





Lidar ways of measuring the offshore

resource

2. Windscanner(s) on the coast

