

DTU Library

Functional Relationship Between Primary and Secondary Delays on Railway Lines

Harrod, Steven; Cerreto, Fabrizio; Nielsen, Otto Anker

Publication date: 2016

Document Version Publisher's PDF, also known as Version of record

Link back to DTU Orbit

Citation (APA): Harrod, S. (Author), Cerreto, F. (Author), & Nielsen, O. A. (Author). (2016). Functional Relationship Between Primary and Secondary Delays on Railway Lines. 2D/3D (physical products)

General rights

Copyright and moral rights for the publications made accessible in the public portal are retained by the authors and/or other copyright owners and it is a condition of accessing publications that users recognise and abide by the legal requirements associated with these rights.

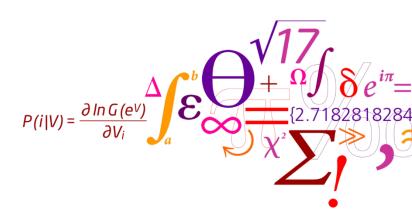
- Users may download and print one copy of any publication from the public portal for the purpose of private study or research.
- You may not further distribute the material or use it for any profit-making activity or commercial gain
- You may freely distribute the URL identifying the publication in the public portal

If you believe that this document breaches copyright please contact us providing details, and we will remove access to the work immediately and investigate your claim.



Functional Relationship Between Primary and Secondary Delays on Railway Lines

INFORMS 2016, Nashville Dr. Steven Harrod Fabrizio Cerreto, Prof. Otto Anker Nielsen Technical University of Denmark





Polynomial Aggregate Delay Function

- Management question
- Problem definition
- Formulation
- Some fun graphical results
- Conclusions recommend general "rule of thumb" timetable guidelines





Strategic Design of Timetable

Goals

- -Provide service, capacity
- -Minimize travel time
- -Promise punctuality

Controls

- -Frequency of service
- -Timetable "slack"
 - Extra train scheduled time
 - Extra separation between adjacent trains

40 Helsingør - København H - Malmö C Gyldig 8. august 2016 - 10. december 2016

Køredage		1)-	(5) (1)-(5)		
Helsingør	1 7.	45 7.	52	8.02		8.05
Snekkersten	3 7.	49 7.	57	8.06		3 8.09
Espergærde	} 7.	52 8.	.00	8.09		3 8.12
Humlebæk	<u> 0</u> 7.	56 8.	04	8.12		8.16
Nivå	8.0	00		8.16		8.20
Kokkedal	8.0	03 8.	11	8.20		8.23
Rungsted Kyst	8.0	07 8.	15			8.27
Vedbæk	8.	11		ı		8.31
Skodsborg	8.	14				8.34
Klampenborg	8.	19				8.39
Hellerup	8.3	24		8.35		8.44
Østerport	8.	30 8.	33	8.41		8.50
Nørreport	8	33 8.	36	8.44		8.53
København H	o 8.	37 8.	40	8.48		8.57
København H	8.	40				9.00
Ørestad	8.4	46				9.06
Tårnby	8.	49				9.09
CPH Lufthavn → ◆	0 8.	57				9.17
CPH Lufthavn →					9.06	
Hyllie	0				9.18	
Hyllie					9.28	
Triangeln					9.31	
Malmö C	0				9.35	
Tognummer	182	6 44	28 2	028	29728	1828

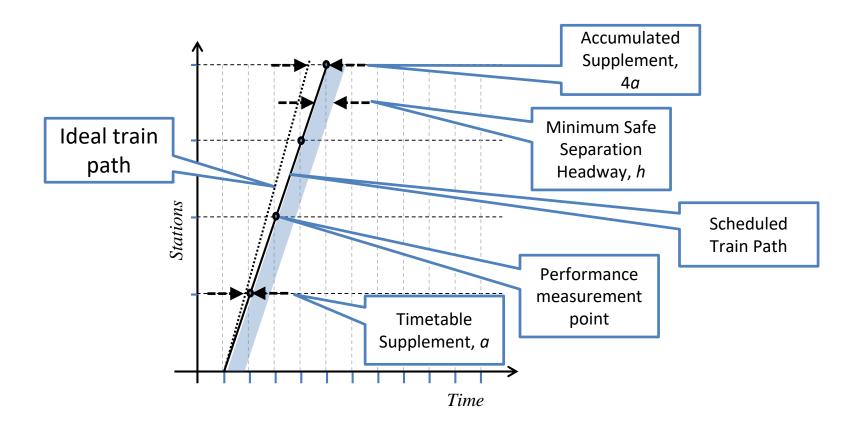


Key Performance Measure: Aggregate Delay

- The timetable is a system
- Punctuality is a systemwide measure
- Measure delayed passenger minutes
- Flawed but convenient equivalent
 - -Measure train delays at each station
 - Accuracy depends on homogenous passenger flow at all stations
 - –Do not measure train delays at non stopping locations

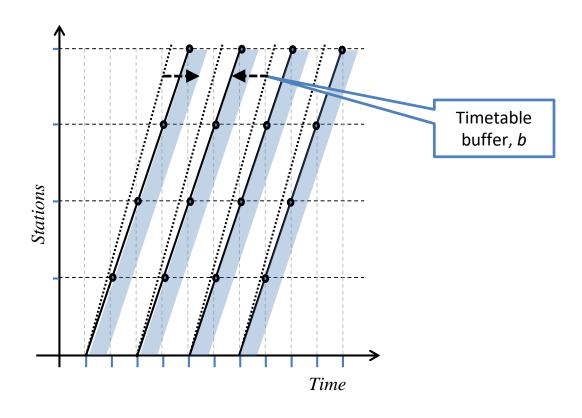


System Definition, Single Train



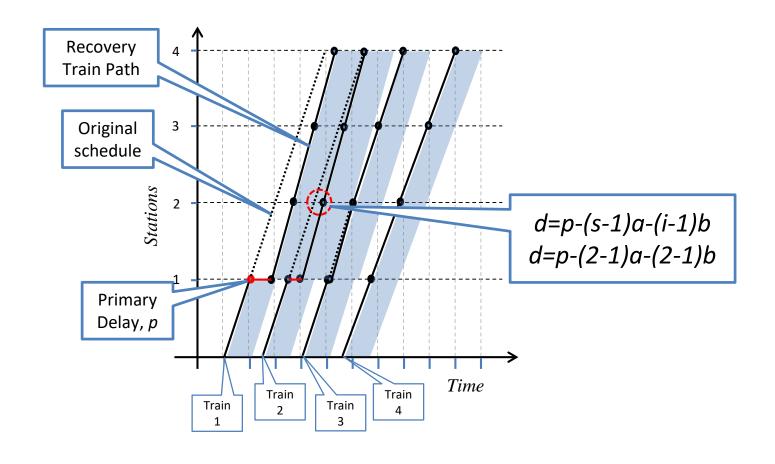


System Definition, Multiple Trains





Impact of a Primary Delay





Derivation, Bounds of Disruption

$$\Gamma = \sum_{\substack{i \in R \mid d_{i,s} \ge \delta \\ s \in S}} d_{i,s}$$

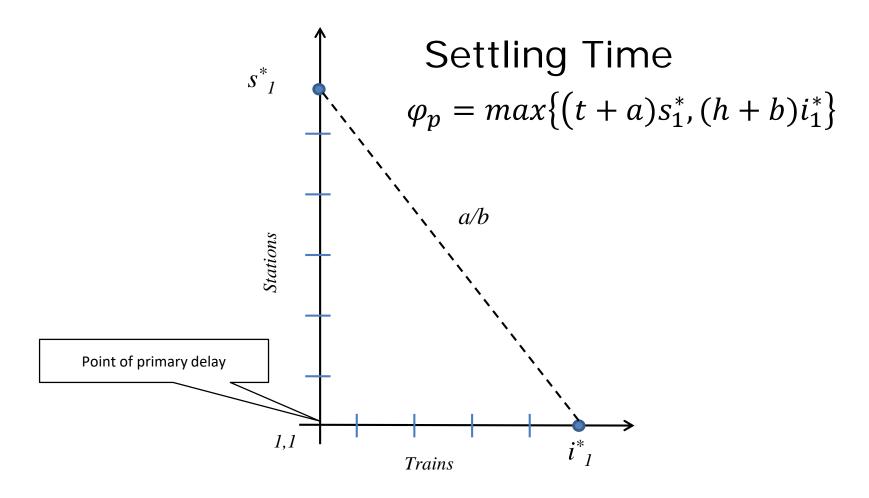
Solve for: $d_{i,s} \ge \delta$

$$s_i^* = \left| \frac{p + b - \delta}{a} - i \frac{b}{a} \right| + 1 \mid p \ge a + \delta$$

$$i_s^* = \left| \frac{p + a - \delta}{b} - s \frac{a}{b} \right| + 1 \mid p \ge b + \delta$$



Recovery Region





Symmetric System, c=a=b

$$s_i^* = \left\lfloor \frac{p - \delta}{c} \right\rfloor - i + 2 \mid p \ge c + \delta$$

$$i_s^* = \left\lfloor \frac{p - \delta}{c} \right\rfloor - s + 2 \mid p \ge c + \delta$$

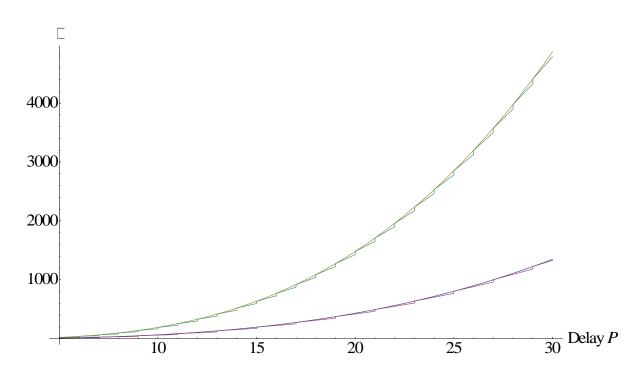
$$\Gamma_{S} = \sum_{i \in \left\{1,2,\dots,\left\lfloor \frac{p-\delta}{c} \right\rfloor - s + 2\right\}} p + 2c - c(s+i)$$

$$s \in \left\{1,2,\dots,\left\lfloor \frac{p-\delta}{c} \right\rfloor + 1\right\}$$



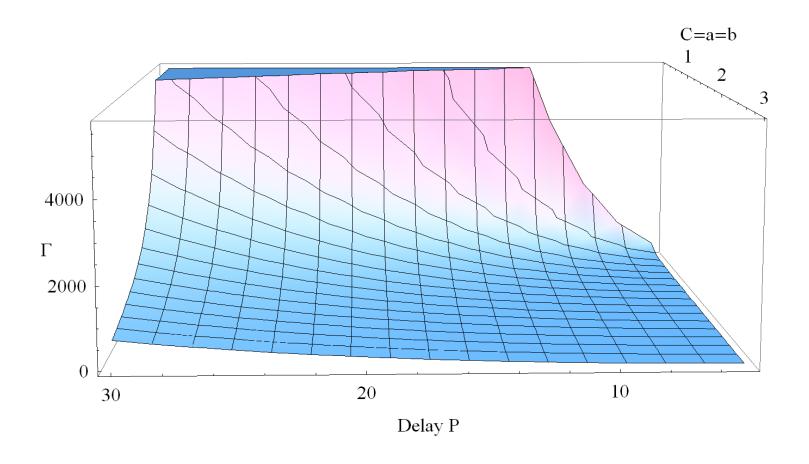
Relaxed Floor Generates Polynomial Cumulative Delay

$$\Gamma_{s} = \frac{p^{3}}{6c^{2}} + \frac{p^{2}}{2c} + \frac{(2c^{2} + 3c\delta - 3\delta^{2})p}{6c^{2}} + \frac{4c^{2}\delta - 6c\delta^{2} + 2\delta^{3}}{6c^{2}}$$





Visualizing the Polynomial





Settling Time Function φ

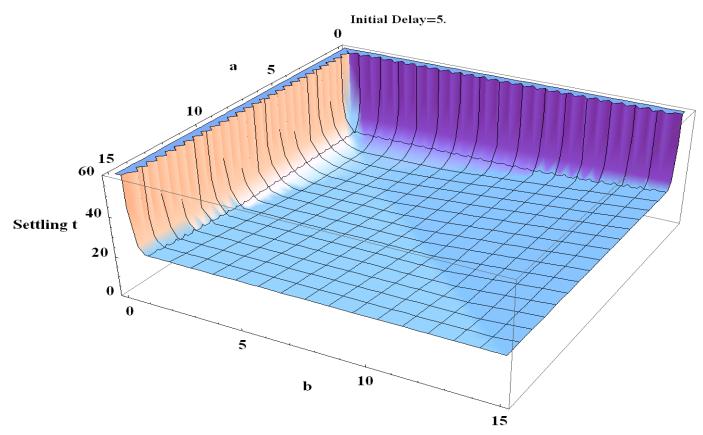
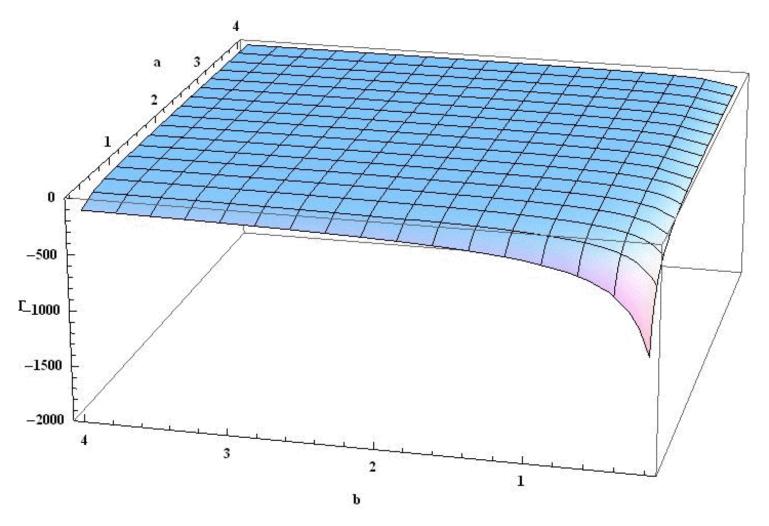


Figure 3-4: Contour of settling time with t=5, h=5, $\delta=3$ and p=5.



Generic Polynomial, p: {5, 20}





Conclusions

- Cumulative train delay at stations is a key performance measure
- Polynomial function is a practical estimate of system delay
- Timetable supplement and timetable buffer should be equal
- Decreasing marginal benefit of increasing supplement/buffer



Tak for i dag!

