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Project "EROSION": Concept and main results

Hasager, Charlotte; Bech, Jakob Ilsted; Tilg, Anna-Maria; Fæster, Søren; Kusano, Yukihiro; Skrzypinski, Witold R.; Bak, Christian; Vejen, Flemming; Madsen, Martin Bonde; Bayar, Mertcan

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nnovation Fund Denmark

Project "EROSION": Concept and main results

- Charlotte Hasager, Jakob Ilsted Bech, Anna-Maria Tilg, Søren Fæster, Yukihiro Kusano, Witold R. Skrzypínski, Christian Bak (DTU)
- Flemming Vejen (DMI)
- Martin Bonde Madsen (R&D)
- Mertcan Bayar (RWE Renewables)
- Morten Saldern (Vattenfall)
- Kaj M. Halling (Vestas)

DTU Wind Energy, Risø Campus, Roskilde, Denmark, 4-6 February 2020 International Symposium on

Leading Edge Erosion of Wind Turbine Blades

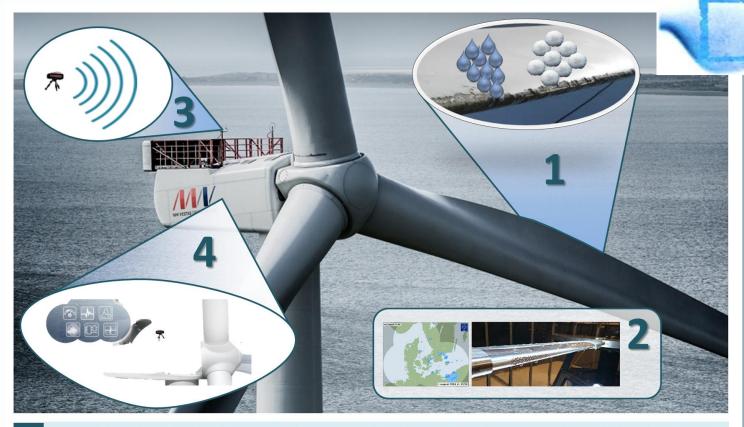




Outline

- Working hypothesis
- Rain erosion climate
- Erosion-safe operation
- Disdrometers, lessons learnt
- Conclusions





- 1. Research hypothesis: Erosion damage is mainly generated during heavy precipitation (big drops of rain or hail), which occurs in a very little fraction of the turbines operation time. By reducing the tip speed of the blades in these few hours a significant extension of the leading edge lifetime can be obtained with negligible loss of production.
- 2. Methodology: Define rain and hail erosion classes to quantify leading edge blade in-field and in lab testing. Correlations between rain intensity, droplet size, impact speed, materials properties, etc. will be established.
- **Measurement Device:** Low-cost prototype for precipitation measurement on site and real time warning device enabling modern control of wind turbines.
- **Erosion safe mode:** A safe mode control based on the erosion classes to control the wind turbine, reducing the tip speed under severe conditions preventing aerodynamic degradation and reducing maintenance costs.





Detailed presentations



24 January 2020 5





Rain erosion testing



Rain Erosion Tester by R&D Test systems

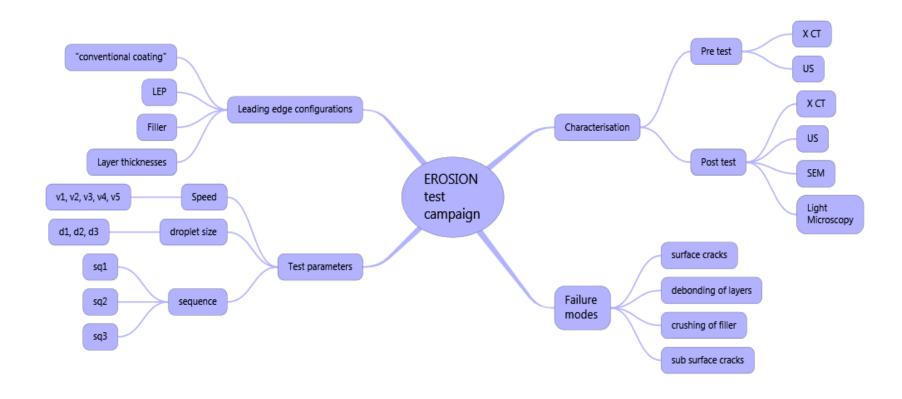


Example of specimen





Test matrix







Rain erosion climate

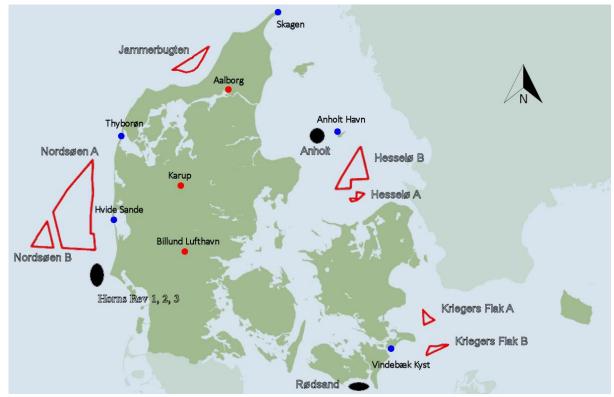




Eight meteorological stations

Five coastal and three inland

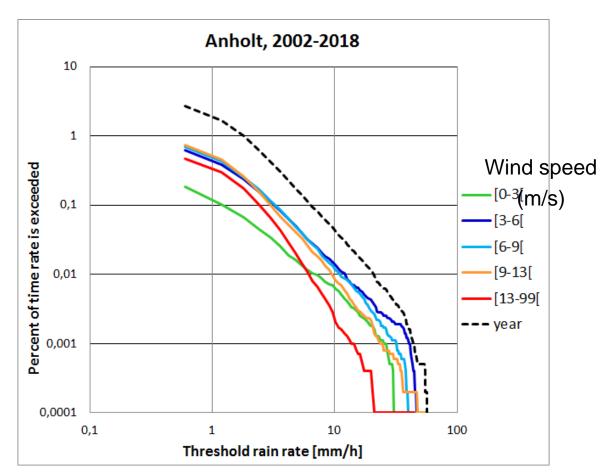
16 years of 10-minute observations of rain rate and wind speed from Danish Meteorological Institute

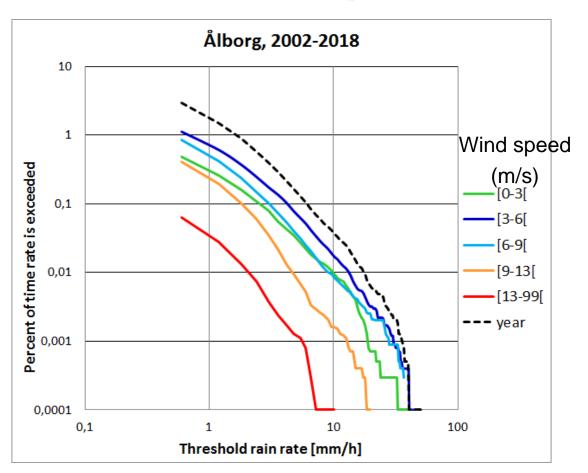


Hasager *et al.* Assessment of the rain and wind climate with focus on wind turbine blade leading edge erosion rate and expected lifetime in Danish Seas. *Renewable Energy 2020*



The average yearly variation of percentage of time of exceedance of rain intensities at wind speed bins





Hasager et al. Assessment of the rain and wind climate with focus on wind turbine blade leading edge erosion rate and expected lifetime in Danish Seas. Renewable Energy 2020



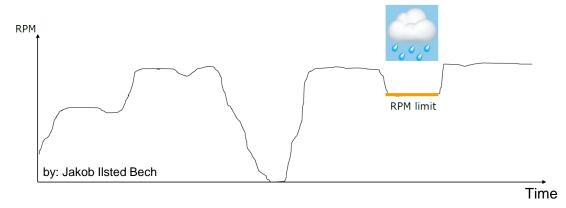


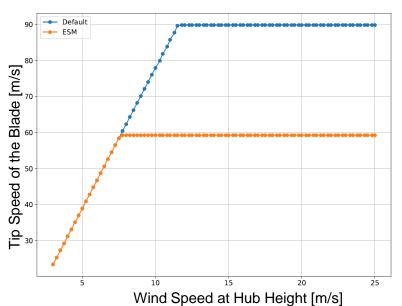
Erosion-safe operation

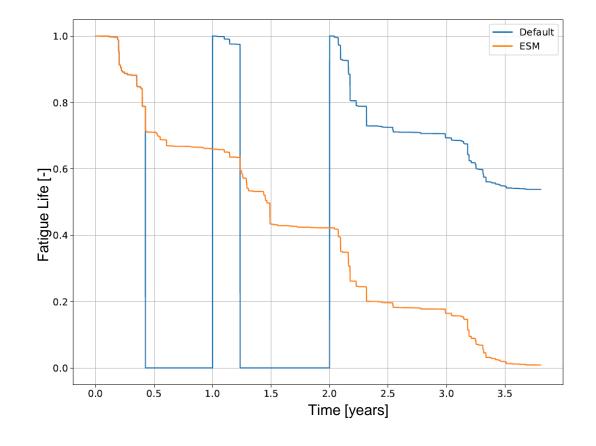


Erosion safe control





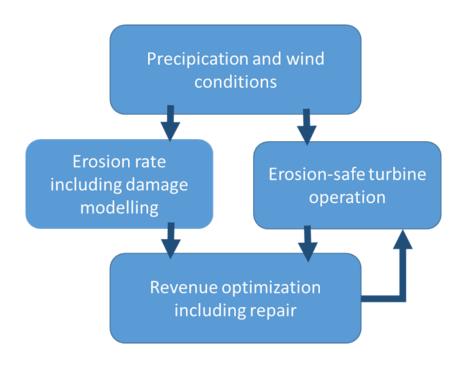








Flow chart for cost analysis of leading edge erosion



Hasager et al. Assessment of the rain and wind climate with focus on wind turbine blade leading edge erosion rate and expected lifetime in Danish Seas. Renewable Energy 2020





Expected life

		Coas	Inland stations					
Station	Anholt	Hvide Sande	Skagen	Thyborøn	Vindebæk	Aalborg	Billund	Karup
Life (years)	2.9	3.0	3.6	3.5	3.1	13.6	3.1	11.8
Annual precipiation (mm)	556	647	625	794	591	723	1012	868

Hasager et al. Assessment of the rain and wind climate with focus on wind turbine blade leading edge erosion rate and expected lifetime in Danish Seas. Renewable Energy 2020





Increase in profit from erosion safe mode control

		Coas	Inland stations					
Station	Anholt	Hvide Sande	Skagen	Thyborøn	Vindebæk	Aalborg	Billund	Karup
Increase in profit (%)	2.5	2.3	1.9	1.6	3.1	0.9	3.0	0.9

Hasager et al. Assessment of the rain and wind climate with focus on wind turbine blade leading edge erosion rate and expected lifetime in Danish Seas. Renewable Energy 2020



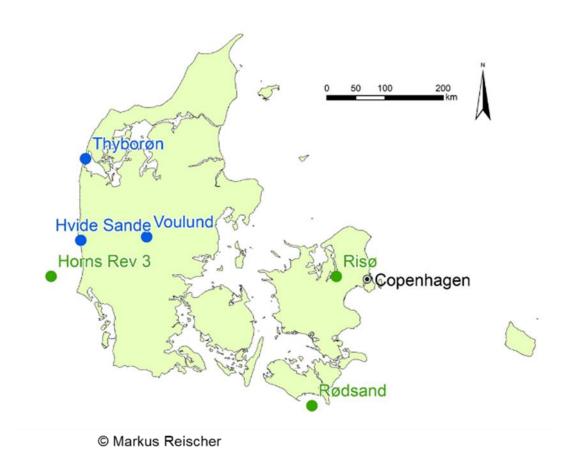


Disdrometers, lessons learnt





Disdrometer network





Parsivel2 at Risø





Disdrometers at Risø Campus







123 m tall meteorological mast



Disdrometers: lessons learnt

We re-install 5 out of 7.

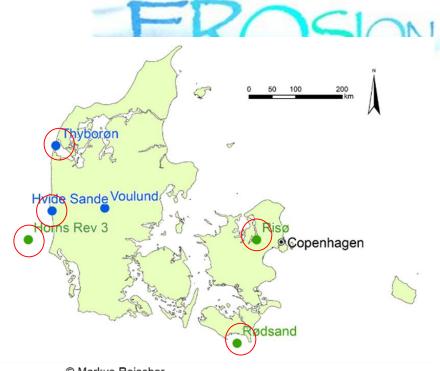
The disdrometers failed at sites:

- 2 offshore
- 2 coastal
- 1 at top of Risø mast









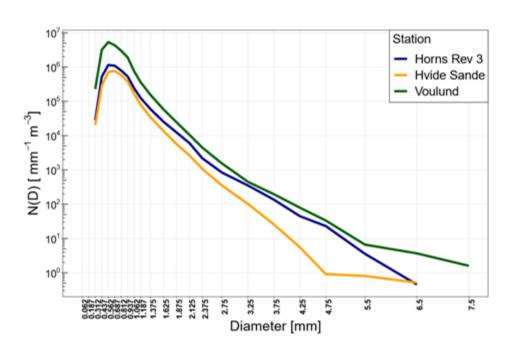
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The mean drop size diameter and the concentration of drops at the stations Horns Rev 3, Hvide Sande and Voulund in Denmark for the time period mid-February to mid-June 2019.

Mishnaevsky et al. in review.





Conclusions

- We have calculated the rain erosion climate in Denmark
 - We will analyse for sites outside Denmark
- We have calculated the potential benefit of erosion safe control
 - We are planning a trial at Aberdeen Bay
- We have been challenged with Parsivel2 disdrometers
 - We look for alternatives for installation at turbines





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www.rain-erosion.dk

Innovation Fund Denmark