

Could plutonium be a substitute of ¹³⁷Cs for tracing soil erosion?

Xu, Yihong

Publication date: 2013

Link back to DTU Orbit

Citation (APA):

Xu, Y. (Author). (2013). Could plutonium be a substitute of ¹³⁷Cs for tracing soil erosion?. Sound/Visual production (digital) http://www.nks.org/en/seminars/presentations/nks-b_radioanalysis_workshop_2-6_september_2013.htm

General rights

Copyright and moral rights for the publications made accessible in the public portal are retained by the authors and/or other copyright owners and it is a condition of accessing publications that users recognise and abide by the legal requirements associated with these rights.

• Users may download and print one copy of any publication from the public portal for the purpose of private study or research.

- You may not further distribute the material or use it for any profit-making activity or commercial gain
- You may freely distribute the URL identifying the publication in the public portal

If you believe that this document breaches copyright please contact us providing details, and we will remove access to the work immediately and investigate your claim.

Could plutonium be a substitute of ¹³⁷Cs for tracing soil erosion?

Yihong Xu DTU-Nutech; Nanjing University, China 06-09-2013



♦The most widely used soil erosion tracer---¹³⁷Cs





The application of ¹³⁷Cs for soil erosion study will be difficult in future ----find a substitute

Pu isotopes (²³⁹Pu and ²⁴⁰Pu) --- potential substitutes of ¹³⁷Cs for tracing soil erosion

Same dominating source of global fallout worldwide as ¹³⁷Cs

>Much longer half-lives (²³⁹Pu and ²⁴⁰Pu) than ¹³⁷Cs

High particle affinity and low mobility in soil

More sensitive detection supported by measurement techniques of mass spectrometry





Plutonium in soils collected from northeast China

Spatial distribution of plutonium in surface soils



✓Pu conc. in surface soils varying with land types, Pu conc. in grass land were significantly higher than those in cultivated land

> migration behavior of Pu influenced by land use patterns and human activities

Correlation between the concentration of ²³⁹⁺²⁴⁰Pu and ¹³⁷Cs in surface soils



✓High correlation between the conc. of Pu and ¹³⁷Cs were observed in surface soils, especially in grass land and saline land

Vertical distribution of plutonium in soil cores

 \checkmark The atomic ratio of $^{240}\text{Pu}/^{239}\text{Pu}$ in two cores ~0.18

✓The sub-surface maximum of Pu conc. in DL-01 core (reference core)

 ✓ Pu concentration exponentially decreased with soil depth in both cores

 ✓ Small peak values of Pu conc. in deep layers--roots, organic matter content



> Comparison of the profiles of Pu and ¹³⁷Cs in each soil core



✓The physical transport of ²³⁹⁺²⁴⁰Pu and ¹³⁷Cs in soils should be very similar, they could convey similar information about erosion and redistribution of soils in a small area

The feasibility of using Pu as soil erosion tracer

Depth	²³⁹⁺²⁴⁰ Pu	²³⁹⁺²⁴⁰ Pu	inventory	¹³⁷ Cs ^b	¹³⁷ Cs	inventory
(cm)	(Bq/m ²)	distribution		(Bq/m ²)	distribut	ion
		(%)			(%)	
DL-01						
(reference core)						
0-6	41.8 ± 2.5	48		916 ± 19	54	
6-20	33.6 ± 1.9	39		650 ± 25	38	
> 20	11.5 ± 0.3	13		138 ± 40	8	
Total	86.9 ± 3.1			1704 ± 40		
DL-02						
(studied core)						
0-6	24.5 ± 0.6	56		426 ± 17	56	
6-20	11.3 ± 0.4	26		175 ± 22	23	
> 20	8.2 ± 0.4	18		163 ± 46	21	
Total	$44.1 \pm 0.9 \ (51\%)^{c}$			$764 \pm 47 \ (45\%)^{c}$		

Table 1 The inventories of Pu and ¹³⁷Cs in soil cores^a.



^a All given uncertainties are one standard deviation.
^b ¹³⁷Cs activities were decay corrected to 1st Sept. 2009.
^c Numbers in parentheses indicate percentages relative to the inventory of the reference core DL-01.

The feasibility of using Pu as soil erosion tracer

 \checkmark Comparing the Pu profiles between the two soil cores, deducing that the top ~6 cm soil in the site of DL-02 core might be eroded;

✓ Similar conclusion could also be deduced based on the ¹³⁷Cs profiles

---- Pu could be an ideal substitute of relative short-lived fallout ¹³⁷Cs for tracing soil erosion and redistribution in the future.



Future work

✓ To estimate the intensity of the erosion in a specific site of the area, more comprehensive work involving analysis of Pu profiles in a series of soil cores and modeling of downwards migration of Pu has to be carried out.

