Downloaded from orbit.dtu.dk on: May 02, 2024



DTU Library

Biogas next frontier: Global drivers, local challenges	
Kroff, Pablo	
Publication date: 2013	
Link back to DTU Orbit	
C <i>itation (APA):</i> Kroff, P. (Author). (2013). Biogas next frontier: Global drivers, local challenges. Sound/Visual production (di http://www.natlab.dtu.dk/Energikonferencer/DTU_International_Energy_Conference_2013	igital)

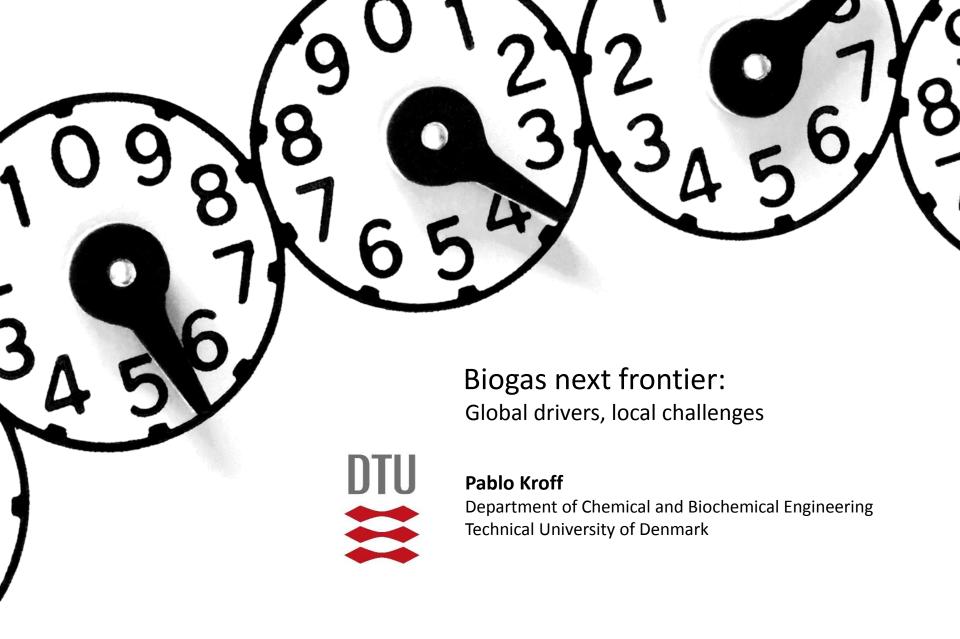
General rights

Copyright and moral rights for the publications made accessible in the public portal are retained by the authors and/or other copyright owners and it is a condition of accessing publications that users recognise and abide by the legal requirements associated with these rights.

- Users may download and print one copy of any publication from the public portal for the purpose of private study or research.
- You may not further distribute the material or use it for any profit-making activity or commercial gain
- You may freely distribute the URL identifying the publication in the public portal

If you believe that this document breaches copyright please contact us providing details, and we will remove access to the work immediately and investigate your claim.





OBJECTIVES

- Give an overview about the path of biogas and its current state of challenges;
- Show the main coordinates that define anaerobic digestion as a key process towards a sustainable future;
- Generate awareness about the strategic need of systemic approaches to overcome barriers and challenges;
- Identify important tendencies and patterns for the future of the anaerobic digestion process both at technological and research levels.



About us and the context of our analysis

Biogas frontiers today

A new perception for an integrated vision: Sustainability, not renewability

Conclusions

ABOUT US



H.C. Ørsted, the man who discovered electromagnetism, founded in 1829 "Den Polytekniske Læreanstalt" now known as DTU -Technical University of Denmark.

Technical University of Denmark













CONTEXT OF OUR ANALYSIS





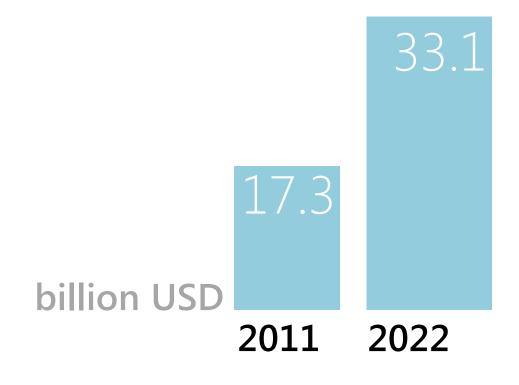
BIOGAS IS NO LONGER THE SUB-PRODUCT OF WASTEWATER TREATMENT AND/OR AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITY, BUT A STANDALONE SOURCE OF VALUABLE RENEWABLE ENERGY.



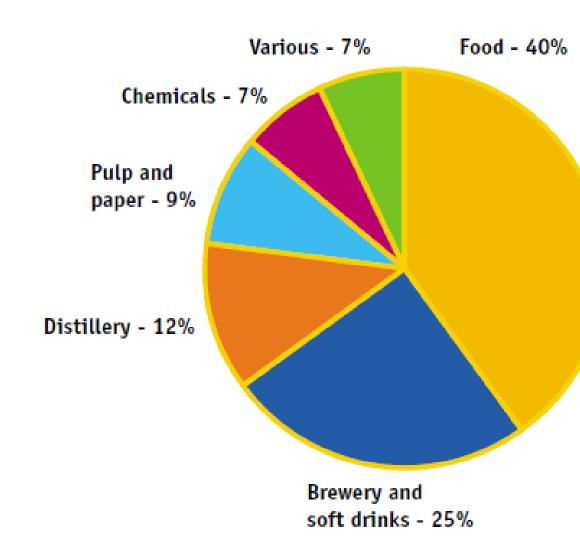


CONTEXT OF OUR ANALYSIS

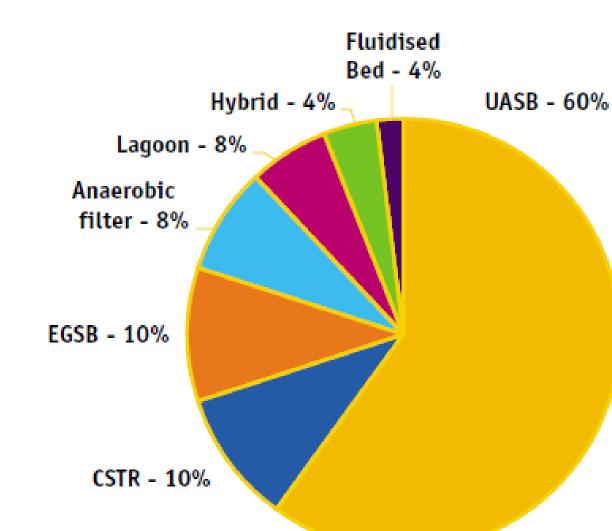
The global biogas market is growing fast



CONTEXT OF OUR ANALYSIS



CONTEXT OF OUR ANALYSIS



About us and the context of our analysis

Biogas frontiers today

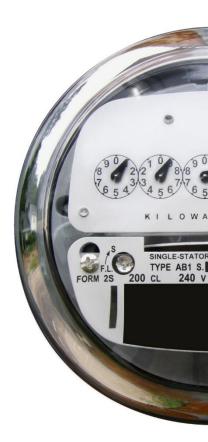
A new perception for an integrated vision: Sustainability, not renewability

Conclusions

BIOGAS FRONTIERS TODAY

Researchers, governments and businesses are currently engaged in a massive game of catch-up with objectives (like 2020) that show a high opacity in terms of real outcomes, and are not always in line with their local realities or their local futures.

- Description-centered, symptom-focused research;
- Technology as a shield against the lack of understanding;
- Underestimation of the complexity and the real need of deep understanding of phenomena.



BIOGAS FRONTIERS TODAY

- Which business models are the ones that present the highest benefit to society?
- There is currently limited use of biomethane in either the gas grid or as a transport fuel, how are the stakeholders going to address this situation together?
- There is a need to fully comprehend the competing priorities of land use, environment and biodiversity and the interconnection with feedstocks for on-farm AD plants.

BIOGAS FRONTIERS TODAY

- Which are the driving metabolic forces behind resilient AD processes in intensive co-digestion schemes?
- Which are the key enzymes that should be enhanced?
- What kind of cell/molecular interaction can be modified in order to achieve superior stability in AD processes?
- Are highest yields also optimal yields?

About us and the context of our analysis Biogas frontiers today

A new perception for an integrated vision: Sustainability, not renewability

Conclusions

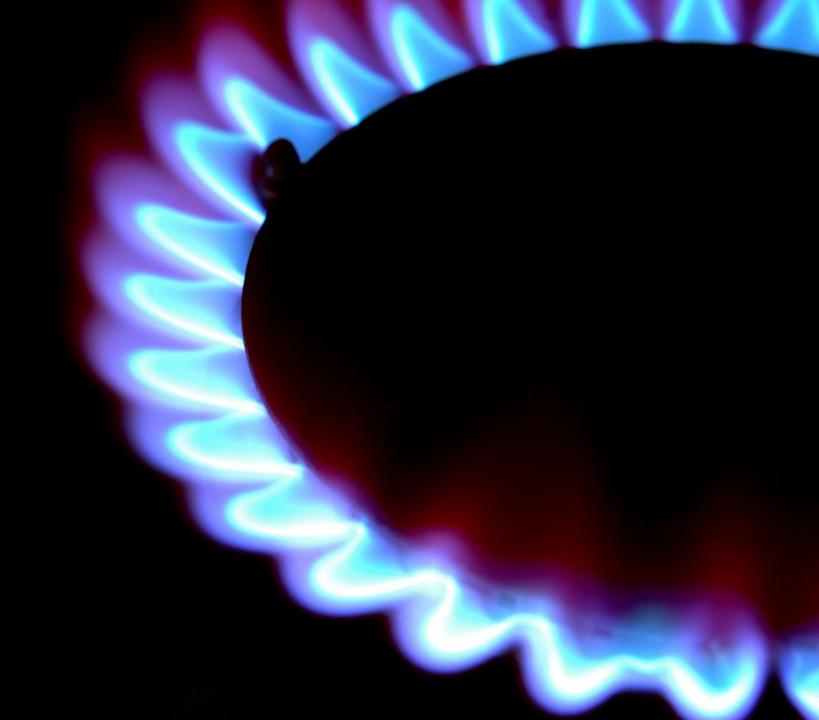


A NEW PERCEPTION FOR AN INTEGRATED VISION

- 1 WASTEWATER TREATMENT
- 2 SLUDGE STABILIZATION
- 3 ENERGY PRODUCTION
- 4 SUSTAINABILITY

Historic segmentation of biogas development and perception in public and private sectors in the last 30 years.









A NEW PERCEPTION FOR AN INTEGRATED VISION

- 1 CLIMATE CHANGE
- 2 SYSTEM BIOLOGY: metagenomics
- 3 BIOECONOMY: CO2, food, water
- 4 SPECIFIC TECHNICAL DEV: enzyme tech

Four strategic areas for the future of biogas.









About us and the context of our analysis

Biogas frontiers today

A new perception for an integrated vision: Sustainability, not renewability

Conclusions



CONCLUSIONS

Anaerobic Digestion is a flexible technology that is applicable in different scales and allows society to be more resource-efficient, decoupling economic growth and the use of resources, supporting economic growth for under-developed countries and improving quality of life for all.

CONCLUSIONS

Biogas must be part of the society's response to the challenge of reverting climate change problems. Anaerobic digestion reduces the GHGs in two ways. First, and the most important, by capturing biogas, and second producing biogas to replace fossil fuels.



CONCLUSIONS

The need of dissection of current processes and knowledge towards a deeper understanding on interactions and function, in order to fulfil the need of getting regional, getting local, getting tactical.



CONCLUSIONS

The systemic approach, allows developing more ambitious anaerobic projects and considers conditions and trends in systems and services, trade-offs for human well-being, towards the development of a bioeconomy and its fundamental, and unavoidable, implications for the future.

About us and the context of our analysis

Biogas frontiers today

A new perception for an integrated vision: Sustainability, not renewability

Conclusions







Pablo Araya Kroff

DTU Chemical Engineering
Department of Chemical and Biochemical Engineering

Søltofts Plads Bygning 229 2800 Kongens Lyngby Denmark

pdkr@kt.dtu.dk www.kt.dtu.dk

