

Applying Lean Principles to Program Management

Results from a Joint Study by PMI, International Council on Systems Engineering and MIT's Lean Advancement Initiative

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Applying Lean Principles to Program Management

Results from a Joint Study by PMI, International Council on Systems Engineering and MIT's Lean Advancement Initiative

Session # TRN04

Josef Oehmen, MIT, Lean Advancement Initiative and Eric Norman, Project Management Institute





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Agenda

- Challenges in engineering programs
- Working toward a solution The Lean in Program Management Community of Practice
- Background
 - Program Management
 - Systems Engineering
- Integrating Program Management and Systems Engineering
 - Lean Thinking and the Lean Enablers
 - Guide to Lean Enablers for Managing Engineering Programs
 - Lean Enablers and Program Success
- The Road Ahead: Implementing the Lean Enablers



Partnering Organizations





CHALLENGES IN ENGINEERING PROGRAMS



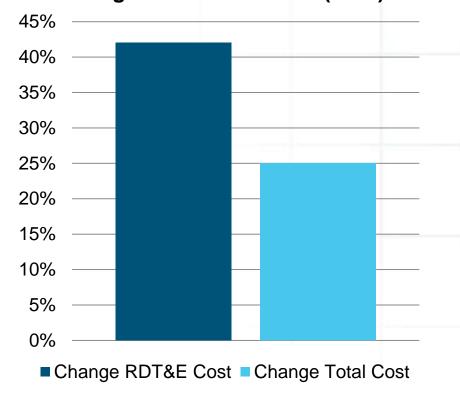
How are we doing in the management of large-scale engineering programs?

- Regarding cost?
- Regarding schedule?
- Regarding delivering the benefits we promised?



Management of Large-Scale Engineering Programs: The US Department of Defense Example

US Department of Defense Development Portfolio – Change to initial estimate (2008)



Total cost growth (until 2010):\$296 billion

Average schedule overrun: **22 months**

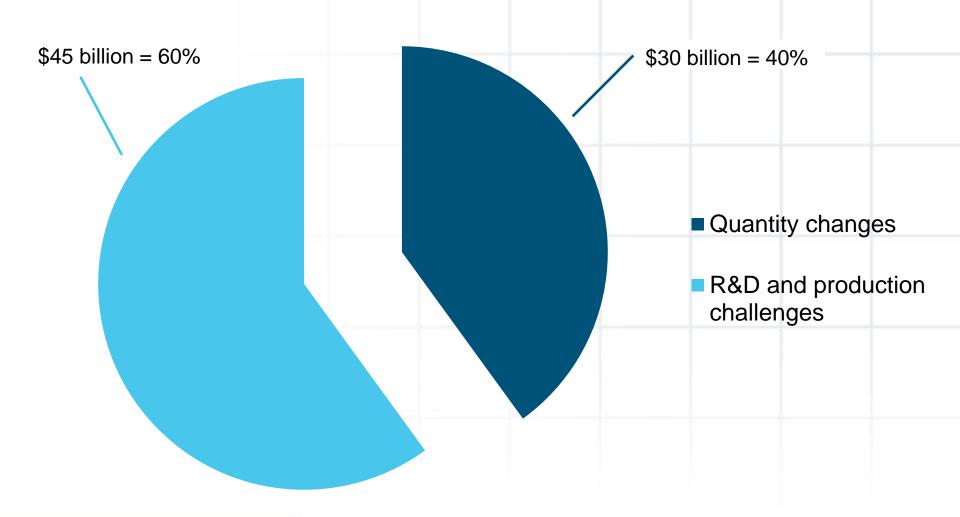
Cost overrun 2011 alone due to program management challenges (RDT&E, production): **\$45 billion**

Similar situation in other industries

Sources: GAO 06-368, Bloomberg, GAO 10-374T, GAO-12-400SP



DoD Cost Growth 2011: \$75 billion



Source: GAO-12-400SP



What is a serious engineering program challenge in your organization? Hands up!

- 1. Reactive Program Execution
- 2. Lack of stability, clarity and completeness of requirements
- 3. Insufficient alignment and coordination of the extended enterprise
- 4. Value stream not optimized throughout the entire enterprise
- 5. Unclear roles, responsibilities and accountability
- 6. Insufficient team skills, unproductive behavior and culture
- 7. Insufficient Program Planning
- 8. Improper metrics, metric systems and KPIs
- 9. Lack of proactive management of program uncertainties and risks
- 10. Poor program acquisition and contracting practices



WORKING TOWARD A SOLUTION

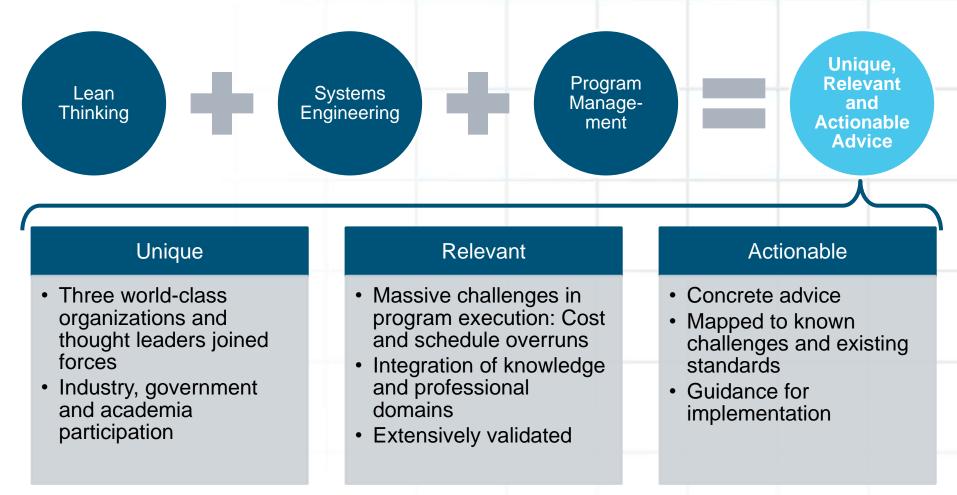




Source: Randall Munroe, www.xkcd.com



Study Design: Innovation by Bridging Knowledge Domains

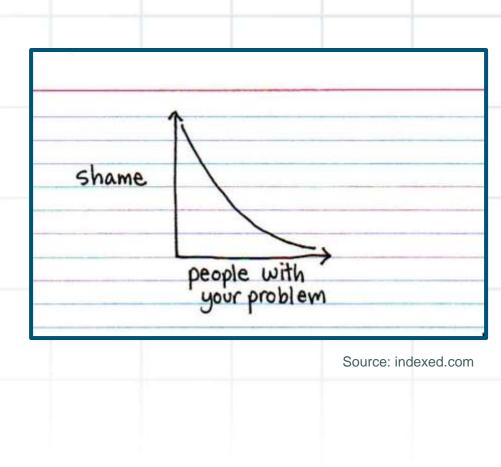


2 Core Results:

- 10 Program Management Challenges (with 160 "sub challenges")
- 43 Lean Enablers (= Management Best Practices) (with 286 "sub enablers")

Engaging in the PMI-MIT-INCOSE Partnership

- Approximately 15 subject matter experts
- Fast growing community of practice (currently 160 people)
- Professionals in program management, systems engineering and lean management (and some academics where nobody was quite sure what they had to contribute)





"Guide to Lean Enablers" and Joint CoP Websites

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	Organization Project Management			
	You represent the endowed project management, but how do you how of it a making a ofference?			
	Organizational project manupersont improves your processes and ensues that you're not just accounting projects randomly. It has used projects to your humaness stratingy and needs, making sure from projects.			

www.pmi.org \rightarrow Business Solutions \rightarrow Guide to Lean Enablers (Box) To sign up: www.lean-programmanagement.org \rightarrow Connect lean.mit.edu

www.incose.org



Extensive validation

- Based on **concrete challenges**, not thin air
- Incorporates start-of-the-art knowledge from literature
- Developed by group of 15 **subject matter experts** through year-long, weekly meetings
- Feedback through wider **community of practice** (160+ members)
- Discussed at 4 large and very successful workshops, involving both PMI and INCOSE members
- Backed-up by two validation surveys
- Validated by **content analysis** management practices of highly successful programs



Integrating Program Management, Systems Engineering and Lean Thinking

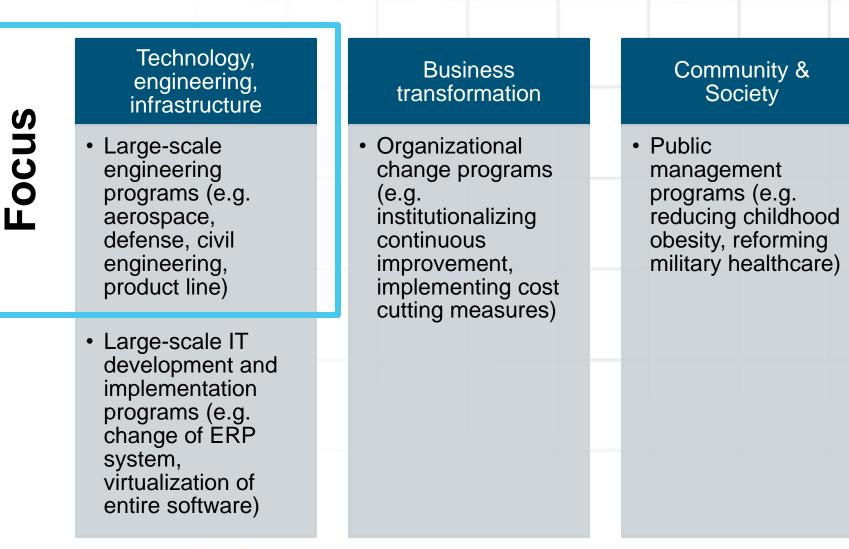
Domain	Representation of "the stakeholder problem"	Example: New aircraft development
Lean Thinking	Value	Increased flight economy by 20% / passenger
Program Management	Benefit	Global market leadership in hub- to-hub connections
Project Management	Deliverable	Deliver engine for \$16 million on May 10
Systems Engineering	Requirements	The new engine must have over 300kN take-off thrust, weigh less than 6 tons, must be manufacturable on existing assembly lines, cost not more than \$15 million to produce and FAA certified May 9.



BACKGROUND: PROGRAM MANAGEMENT

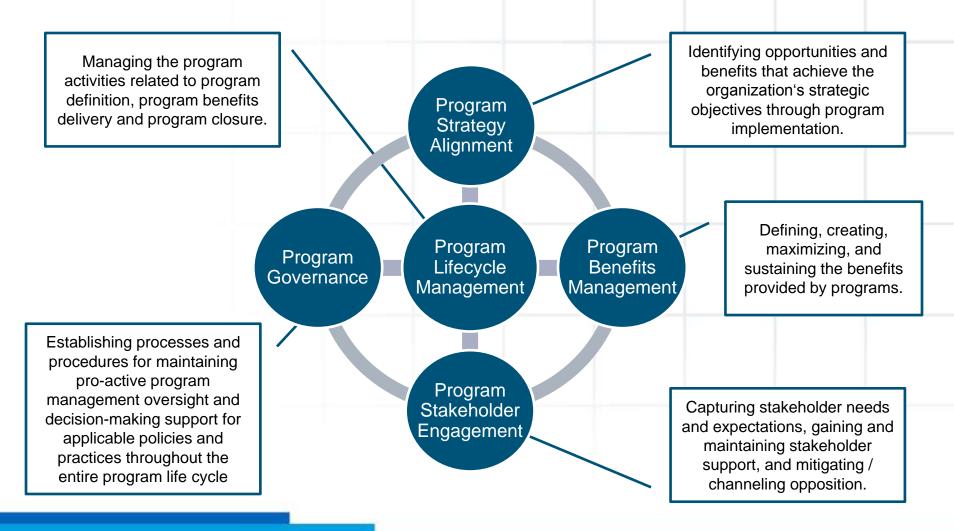


Applicability – Program Types





5 Program Management Performance Domains





This and the following slides reflect the description of program management contained in the review version of The Standard for Program Management – Third Edition (Exposure Draft Version) released in February 2012, reflecting the proposed changes to the standard for public review and comment. The final content of The Standard for Program Management – Third Edition, scheduled for publication in 2013, may vary from the exposure draft version of the revised standard.

Programs and Benefits Management

PMI defines a program as:

"A group of related projects, subprograms, and program activities, managed in a coordinated way to obtain benefits not available from managing them individually."

- Programs and projects perform different roles
 - Projects deliver outputs (individual products, services)
 - Programs deliver outcomes (financial, technical, organizational, social)
- To achieve the program's intended outcomes, the program manager and program team must plan and manage the benefits that are to be generated by the program



Programs and Benefits Management

- Program benefits are aligned with organizational and constituent strategies/objectives
- Benefits Management focuses program stakeholders on outcomes rather than process
 - What will be changed/improved (different) by the end of the program?
 - Who's behavior must change and how must it change?
 - After the program ends, how do we sustain the improvements achieved?
- Benefits may serve:
 - The organization performing the program
 - The customer's of the organization performing the program
 - People and organizations (intended beneficiaries) outside the program



Applicability – Project vs. Program

 If your project executes program-level activities, the corresponding Enablers apply to your program.

 The Enablers address dependencies and interfaces between projects and programs.



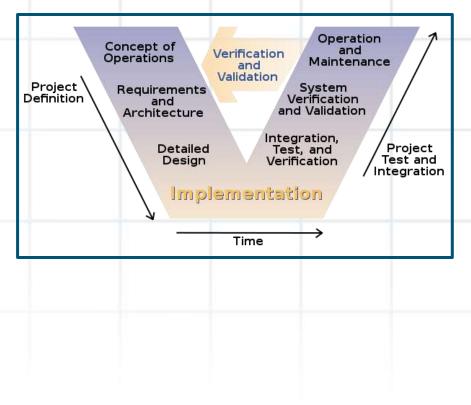
BACKGROUND: SYSTEMS ENGINEERING



Systems Engineering: Not just "engineering"

Systems engineering is

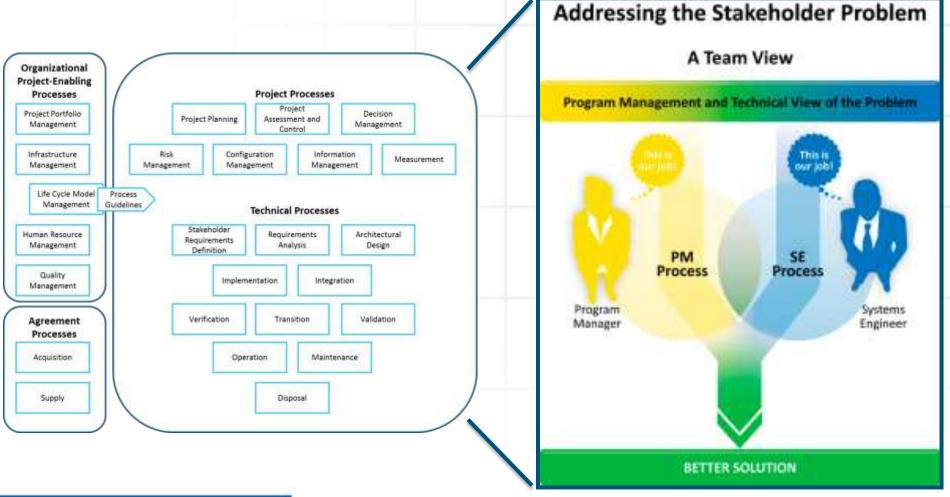
- an interdisciplinary approach and means to enable the realization of successful systems.
- It focuses on defining customer needs and required functionality early in the development cycle, documenting requirements, and then
- proceeding with design synthesis and system validation while considering the complete problem: operations, cost and schedule, performance, training and support, testing, manufacturing, and disposal.
- SE considers both the business and the technical needs of all customers with the goal of providing a quality product that meets the user needs.



Source: INCOSE SE Handbook 2011 ; wikimedia



Systems Engineering and program management



Source: INCOSE SE Handbook 2010; Langley & Robitaille 2011



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INTEGRATING PROGRAM MANAGEMENT AND SYSTEMS ENGINEERING: LEAN THINKING AND THE LEAN ENABLERS



Who has experience in Lean Thinking? (Production / Engineering / Project Management / ...)

- Did it work for you? What did you achieve?
- What were the challenges?



Lean Management: Buzz-Word and Firing People?



Source: dilbert.com



Why Lean Thinking?

Lean Principle

Define value to the program stakeholders

Plan the value-adding stream of work activities during the product lifecycle, from the need to product delivery, until disposal, while eliminating waste

Organize the value stream as an uninterrupted flow of predictable and robust tasks, proceeding without rework or backflow

Organize the pull of the work-in-progress as needed and when needed by all receiving tasks

Make all imperfections visible and pursue perfection, i.e. the process of never ending improvement

Base human relations on respect for people

Result

Builds the engineering program around benefits



Focuses on cross-organizational and crossfunctional integration



Establishes clear responsibilities, resilient interfaces, effective communication pathways



Simplifies information exchange



Improves the engineering program (efficiency) and adapt to a changing environment (effectiveness)



Creates an energetic and positive environment by developing skills, behavior and culture



Lean Enablers for Systems Engineering

Wiley Series in Systems Engineering and Management - Andrew Sage, Series Editor

LEAN FOR SYSTEMS ENGINEERING WITH LEAN ENABLERS FOR SYSTEMS ENGINEERING



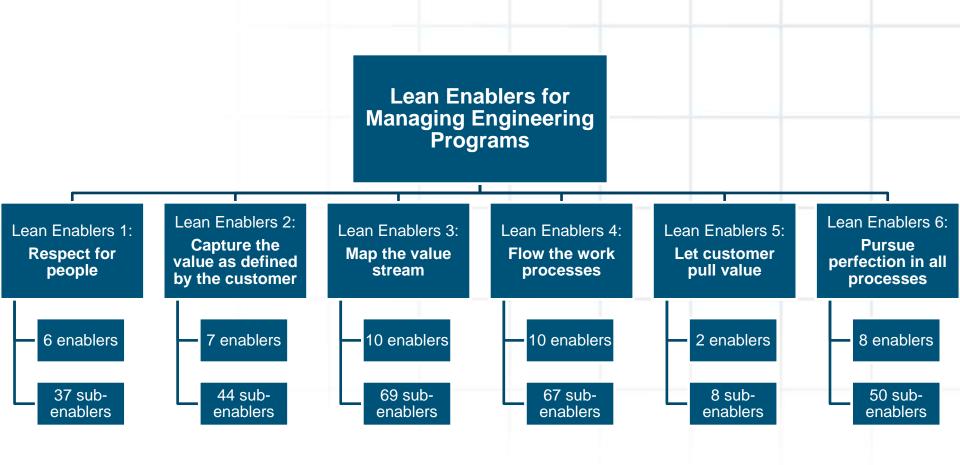
BOHDAN W. OPPENHEIM

Bo Oppenheim: Lean for Systems Engineering with Lean Enablers for Systems Engineering, Wiley 2011



WILEY

6 Categories, 43 Lean Enablers, 286 Sub-Enablers = A whole lot of best practices!





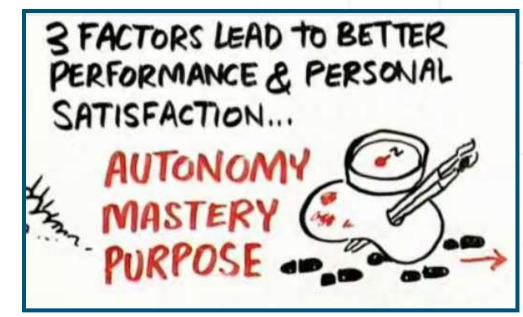
Some Examples

- Enablers
- Challenge they address
- Tools and methods



Programs fail or succeed primarily based on people, not processes or tools. (that includes smart bosses)

What is the key to motivating knowledge workers? Money! Really?



Watch Dan Pink at

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v= u6XAPnuFjJc (or Google "Dan Pink RSA")

32

Source: danpink.com



Example 1: Treat People as Your Most Important Asset (LE 1.x.x)

1.1.x Build a program culture based on respect for people

- 1.2.x Motivate by making the higher purpose of the program and program elements transparent
- 1.3.x Support an autonomous working style
- 1.4.x Expect and support people in their strive for professional excellence and promote their careers
- 1.5.x Promote the ability to rapidly learn and continuously improve
- 1.6.x Encourage personal networks and interactions

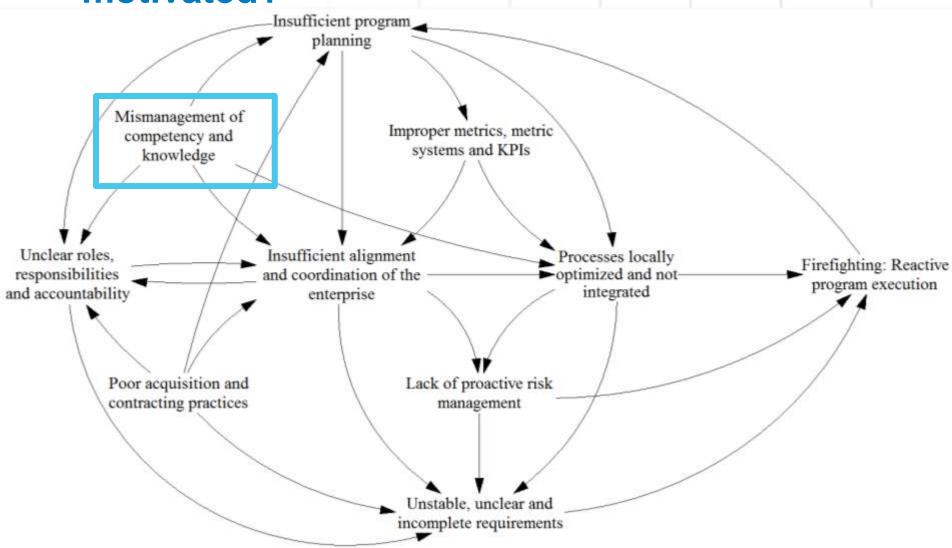


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Source: danpink.com

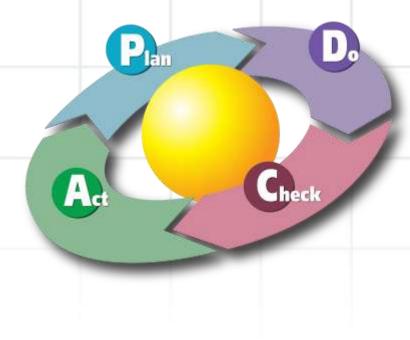


What challenges do you address by helping people to become highly capable and motivated?



Associated Lean Methods and Tools

- Mastery:
 - Create Specialist Career Path to develop towering (technical) competence
 - Communities of Practice (internal and external)
 - Mentoring
 - Hire for attitude, train for skill
- Autonomy:
 - Kaizen: Bottom-up continuous improvement processes
 - Responsibility-based planning and control
- Purpose:
 - Create a shared vision that draws out the best in people (e.g. through value stream mapping)



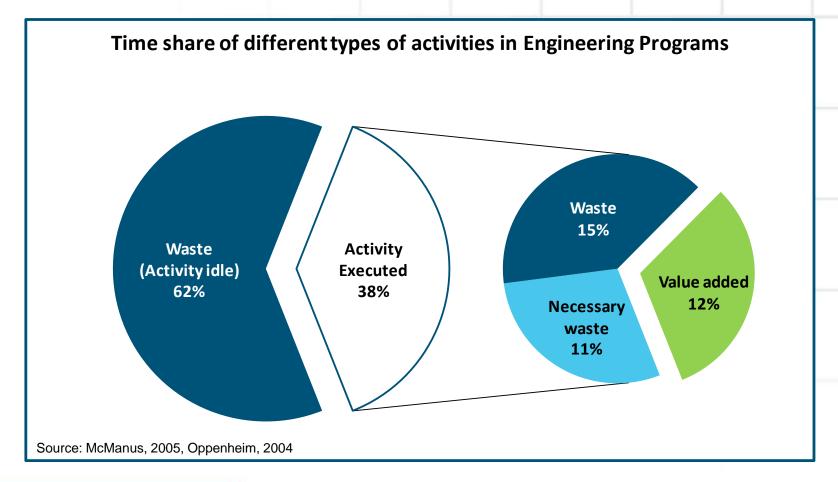


Example 2: Optimize the value stream (LE 3.x.x) and create flow (LE 4.x.x)

- Use formal value stream mapping methods to identify and eliminate management and engineering waste, and to tailor and scale tasks. (LE 3.1.4)
- Use Lean tools to promote the flow of information and minimize handoffs. Implement small batch sizes of information, low information in inventory, low number of concurrent tasks per employee, small takt times, wide-communication bandwidth, standardization, work cells, and training. (LE 4.1.19)



Addresses challenge of value stream not being optimized throughout the entire enterprise





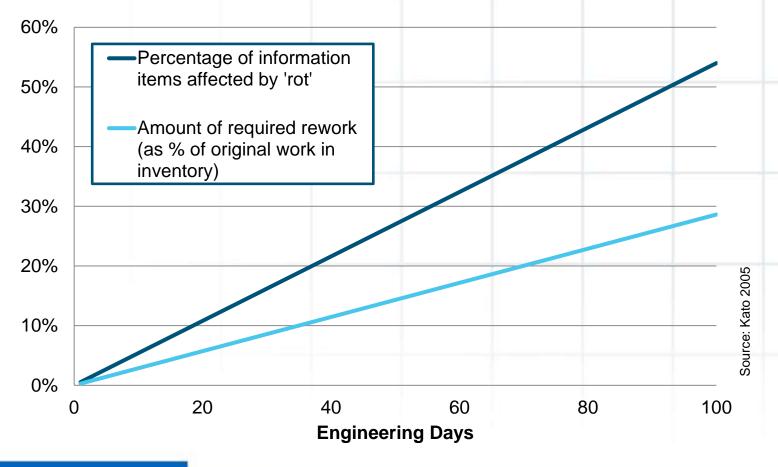
Waste in Engineering Programs - Examples

Seven Wastes	Engineering Program Examples
Waiting	 Waiting for information or decisions Information or decisions waiting for people to act Large queues throughout the review cycle Long approval sequences Unnecessary serial effort
Over- Processing of Information	 Refinements beyond what is needed Point design used too early, causing massive iterations Uncontrolled iterations (too many tasks iterated, excessive complexity) Lack of standardization Data conversions
Inventory of Information	 Keeping more information than needed Excessive time intervals between reviews Poor configuration management and complicated retrieval Poor 5 S's (sorting, straightening, systematic cleaning, standardizing, and sustaining) in office or databases
Rework, Defects	 The killer "re's": Rework, Rewrite, Redo, Re-program, Retest Unstable requirements Uncoordinated complex task taking so much time to execute that it is obsolete when finished and has to be redone Incomplete, ambiguous, or inaccurate information Inspection to catch defects
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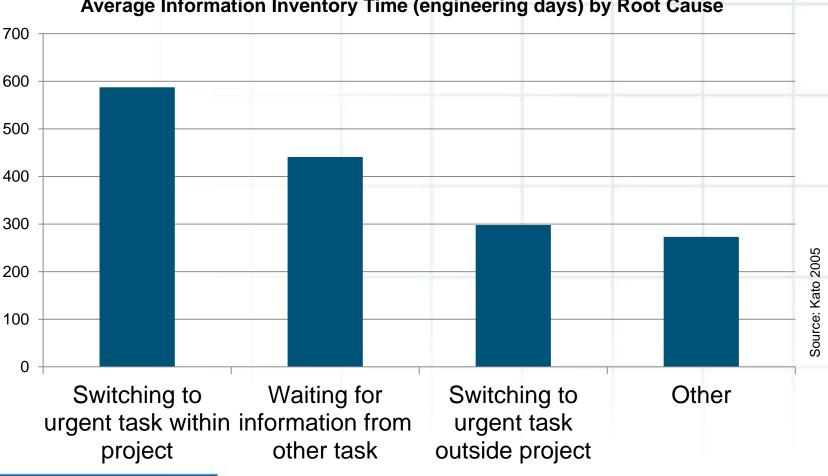
Why "Flow" is key: Information rots!

Rot and rework of information in inventory



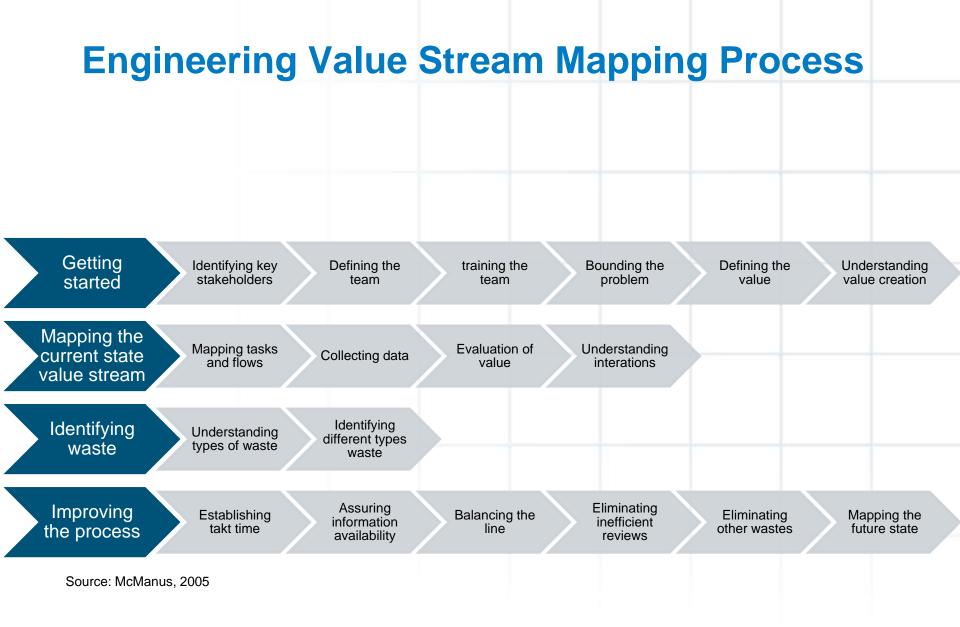


How information inventory is created: **Task switching**



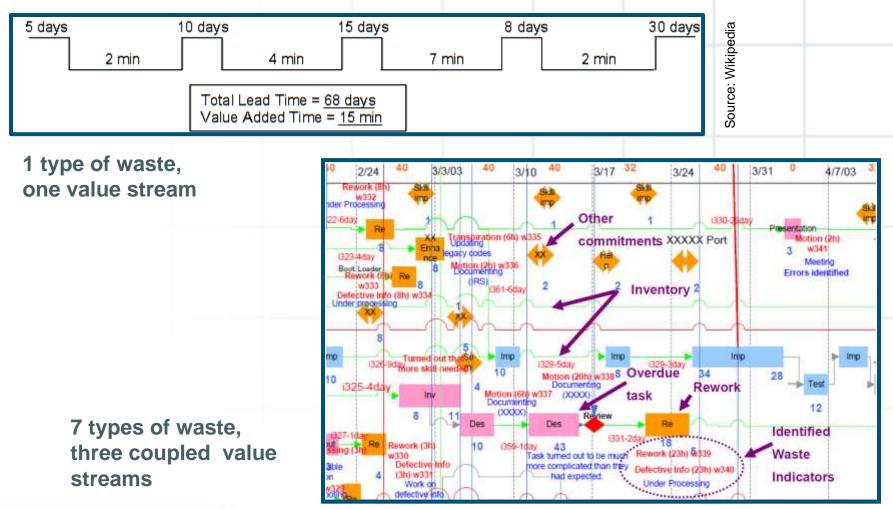
Average Information Inventory Time (engineering days) by Root Cause







Example Value Stream Maps: All shapes and sizes



Source: Kato 2005



Reducing Work in Progress through simple visual management (and prioritization)

- Average from 972 cases at Boeing:
 - Reduction of work in progress: 69%
 - Improvement of quality (reduction of defects): 3.2x
 - Improvement of throughput (reduction of lead time): 3.4x
 - Time to implement method: 4 weeks



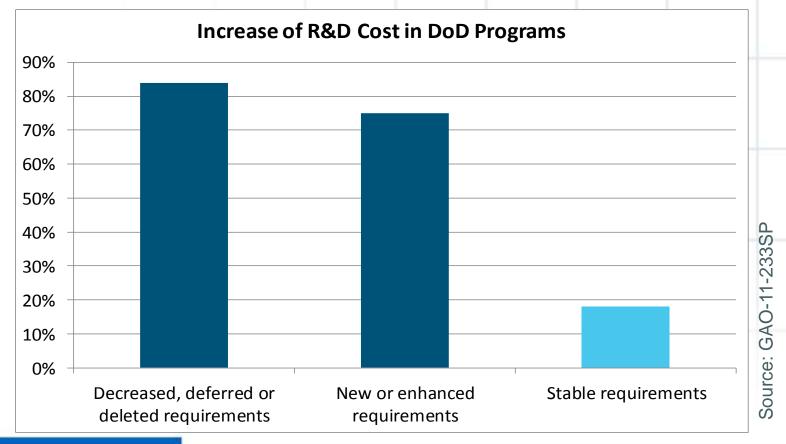
Example 3: Maximize Program Value (LE 2.x.x)

- Define value as the outcome of an activity that satisfies at least three conditions (LE 2.1.1):
 - External customer stakeholders are willing to pay for value.
 - Transforms information or material or reduces uncertainty.
 - Provides specified program benefits right the first time.
- Actively promote the maturation of stakeholder requirements, e.g., by providing detailed trade-off studies, feasibility studies, and virtual prototypes (LE 2.5.6)
- Up-front in the program, dedicate enough time and resources to understand what the key requirements and intended program benefits really are. (LE 3.5.2)
- Fail early and fail often through rapid learning techniques (e.g., prototyping, tests, simulations, digital models, or spiral development). (LE 2.5.9)
- Allow certain amount of "failure" in a controlled environment at lower levels, so people can take risk and grow by experience. (LE 1.3.3)



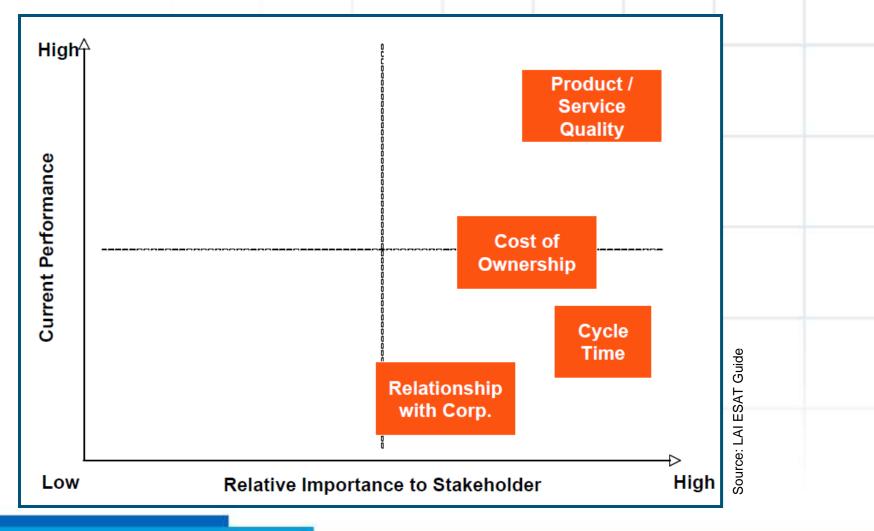
Addresses lack of stability, clarity and completeness of requirements

How bad are unstable requirements? Very bad!



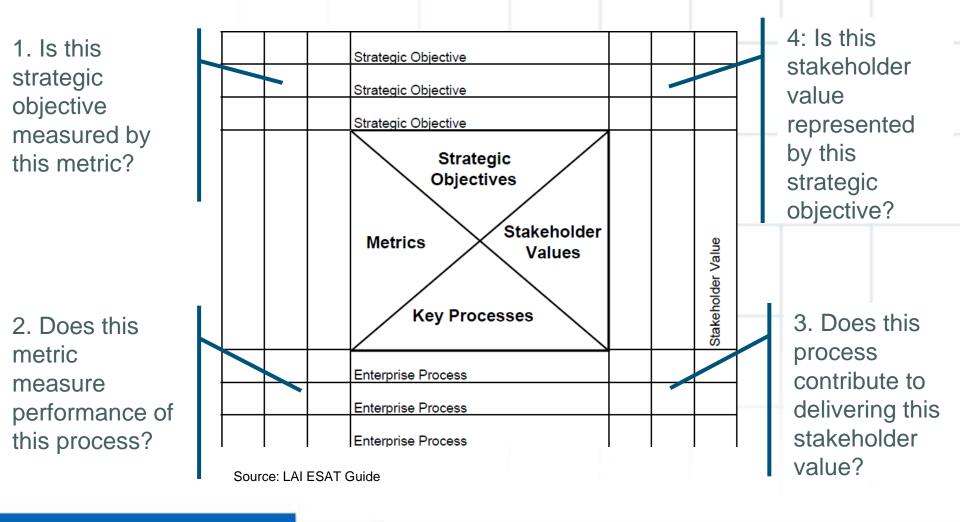


Prioritizing value and benefits: Stakeholder Value Delivery Assessment



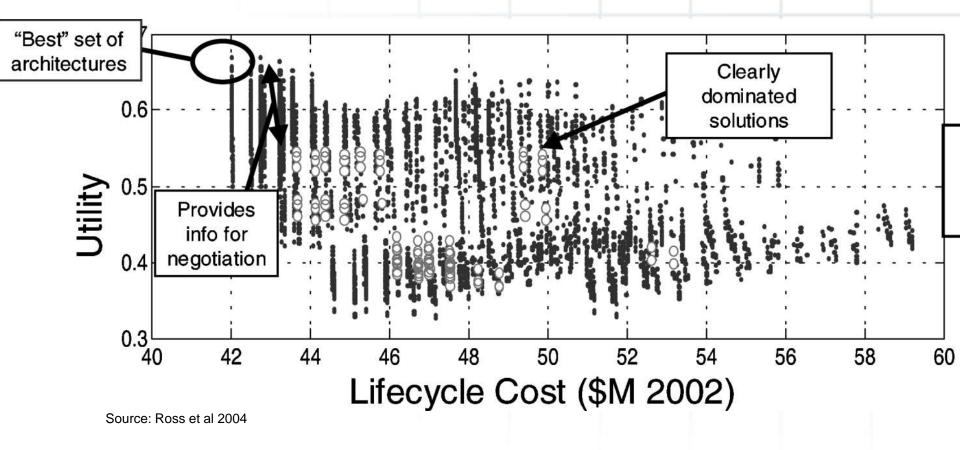


Aligning Value and Program: X-Matrix



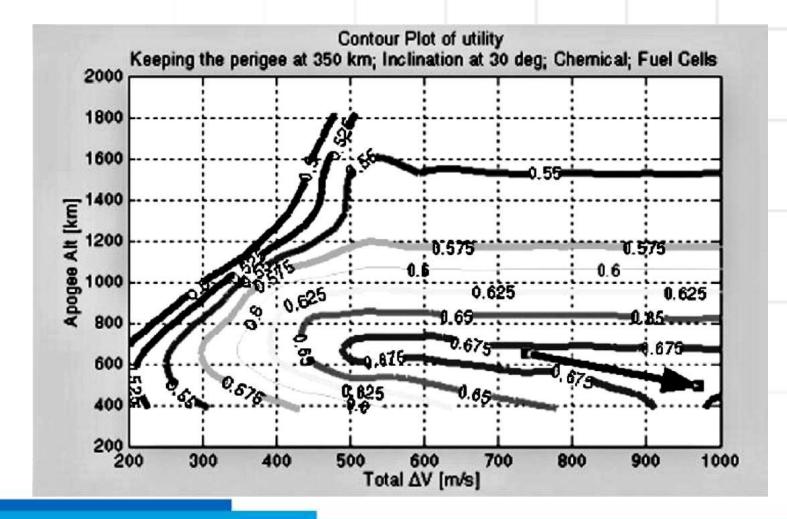


Trade Space Exploration: Helping your customer figure out what they want





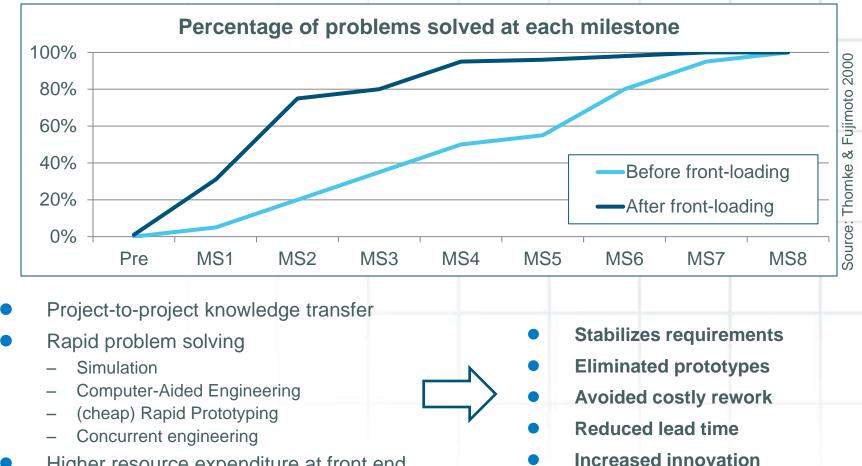
Trade Space Exploration: Helping your customer figure out what they want



Source: Ross et al 2004

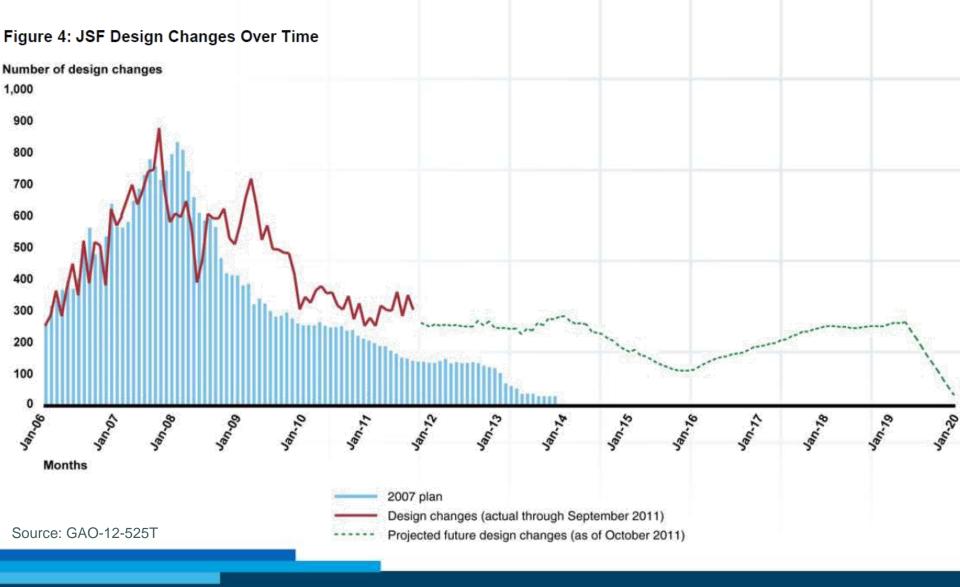


Front-loading the engineering programs at **Toyota: A 20 year journey**



Higher resource expenditure at front end

... and what happens when you fail: 2x unit costs, ¹/₄ of units until 2017, \$140 billion (!) cost growth



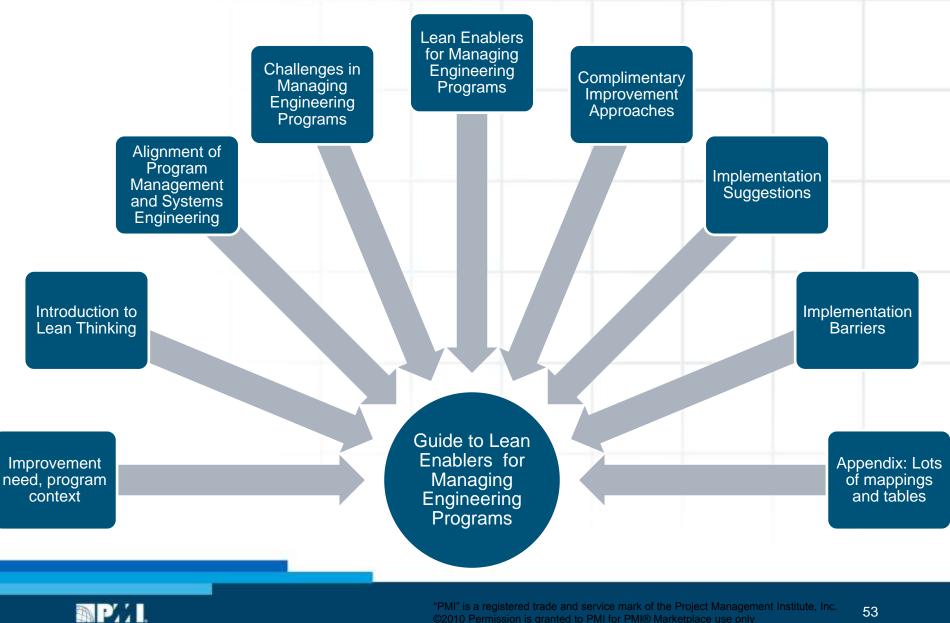
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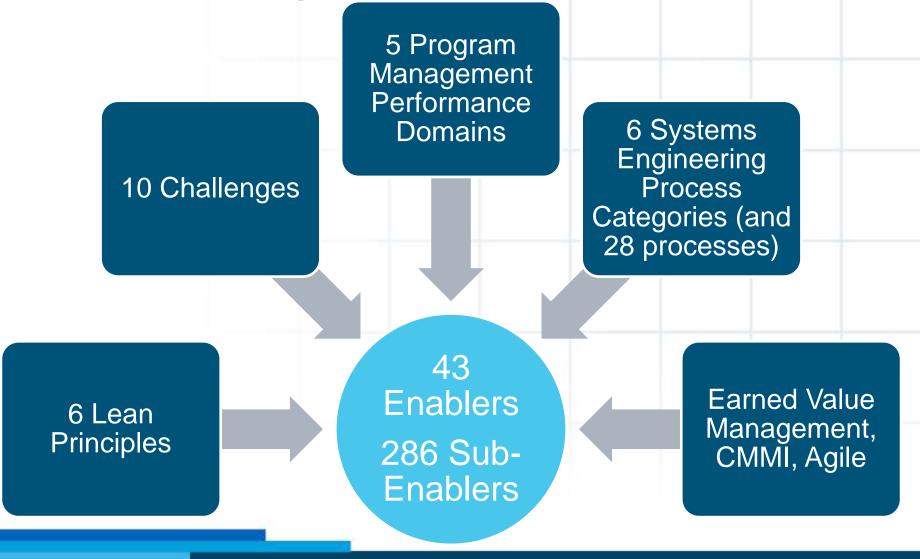
GUIDE TO LEAN ENABLERS FOR MANAGING ENGINEERING PROGRAMS



Content of the "Guide"



Finding the Enabler that is right for you: Various mappings





The Guide to Lean Enablers for Managing Engineering Programs

The Guide to LEAN ENABLERS for MANAGING ENGINEERING PROGRAMS

BP//L

LAIEC

Almost published!

Until then: All of this is my personal opinion!

Want to get an email
 notification? Sign up at
 www.lean-program management.org !



LEAN ENABLERS AND PROGRAM SUCCESS



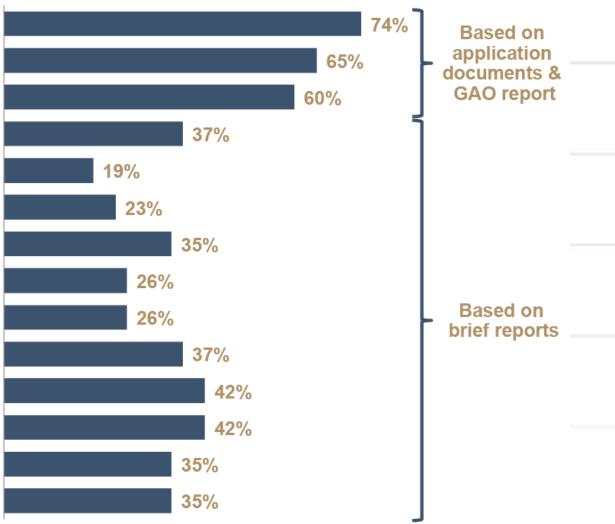
Content analysis: PMI Project (Program) of the Year Winners of the last 10 years





Application of Lean Enablers in "Best Practice Programs"– The more detailed the reports, the more Enablers we found

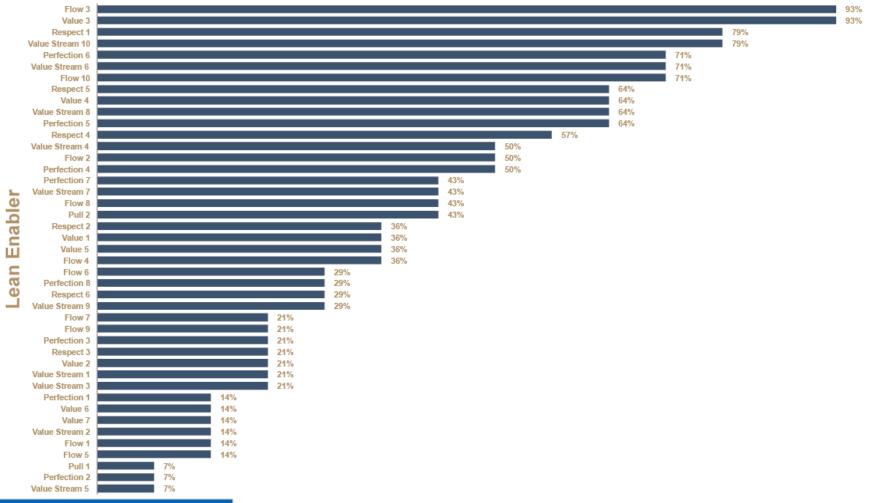
Deepwater (GAO-06-546) 2011 Prairie Waters 2010 Dallas Cowboys Stadium 2009 Flour Power Plant 2009 BAA Heathrow 2008 QIT - Fer et Titane 2007 Nuclear Cleanup 2006 Rocky Flats Plant 2005 Quartier International de 2004 Haradh Gas Plant 2003 Winter Olympics 2002 Hawiyah Gas Plant 2001 River of Aluminum 2000 The Troja Reactor





Every Lean Enabler was used at least once

Relative Use of the Lean Enabler





Most popular vs rarely used enablers

Almost always found

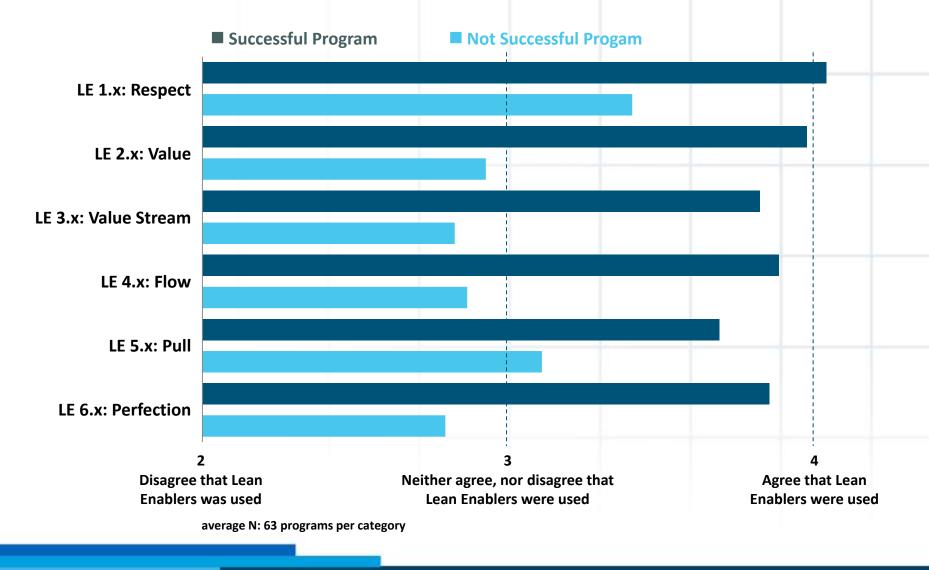
- Build a program culture based on respect for people
- For every program, use a program manager role to lead and integrate program from start to finish
- Frequently engage the stakeholders throughout the program lifecycle
- Develop a Communications
 Plan

Rarely found

- Pull tasks and outputs
 based on need, and
 reject others as waste
- Pursue Lean for the long term
- Use probabilistic
 estimates in program
 planning



Use of Lean Enablers in Successful and Unsuccessful Programs: Level of Agreement of Respondents





IMPLEMENTING THE LEAN ENABLERS: THE ROAD AHEAD



Implementing Lean Enablers: Year 2 Plan

- Training and teaching material
- Smart metrics
- Extended documentation





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Sign up at www.lean-program-management.org !

